

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

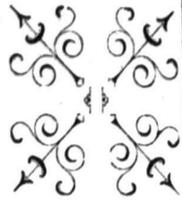
Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 23.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, DEC. 21, 1893.

NUMBER 17.

JUST ARRIVED! A LOT



Of new, this season's style. Clothing, bought at from 50 cents to 65 cents on the dollar.

GREAT BARGAINS!

No just out of Humbug. We have got the stuff as advertised, and it takes but a little money to carry away a lot of it.

We have regular \$14.00 Men's Ulsters that you can buy for \$10.00.
 We have regular \$12.00 Men's Ulsters that you can buy for \$8.00.
 We have regular \$10.00 Men's Ulsters that you can buy for \$6.50.
 We have regular \$15.00 Men's Overcoats that you can buy for \$10.00.
 We have regular \$12.00 Men's Overcoats that you can buy for \$8.50.
 We have regular \$10.00 Men's Overcoats that you can buy for \$6.50.
 We have regular \$15.00 Men's Black Cheviot Suits that you can buy for \$10.00.

We have regular \$12.00 Men's Cheviot Double Breasted Suits that you can buy for \$7.50.

We have regular \$4.50 Child's Cape Overcoat that you can buy for \$3.25
GREATEST BARGAIN OF ALL—We have 150 regular \$4.50 Children's two piece Suits that you can buy for \$2.75.

NEW DRY GOODS.

At lower prices than you ever heard of.
 Regular \$1.75 Black Dress Goods we sell for \$1.25.
 Regular \$1.35 Black Dress Goods we sell for \$1.00.
 Regular \$1.15 Black and Colored Dress Goods we sell for 85c.
 Regular 90c and \$1.00 Serges and Henriettas we sell for 75c.
 All Colors regular 75c and 85c Serges, Henriettas, Flannels, etc., we sell for 50c.

Regular 50c all wool Dress Flannels we sell for 39c.
 Regular 40c all wool Henriettas we sell for 25c.
 Regular 25c Dress Goods we sell for 15c.
 Shirts, Sheetings, Denims, Cottonades, Crashes, Bleached Cottons, Gingham, Prints, Notions, Yarns, Bed Blankets, etc., cheaper than you have ever seen them.

Bring us your Butter, Eggs, and Dried Apples.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

WE

Are Making Some Very Low Prices on

Furniture, Crockery and Lamps.

A few Stoves to close out at Cost.

All Steel Skates 33c per pair.

HOAG & HOLMES.

BARGAINS.

Six dozen Men's Heavy Wool Underwear worth \$1.00 at 79 cents.

Five dozen Men's Buck Gloves worth \$1.25 at \$1.00.

Felt Boots and Rubbers at Bottom Prices.

R. A. Snyder

L. & A. WINANS

Have just received for the holiday trade a fine assortment of new designs in

Watches, Pins, Novelties,
 Clocks, Buttons, Hair Ornaments,
 Rings, Charms, Scarf Pins,
 Chains, Silverware, Neck Chains,

Fine Assortment, New Designs, Low Prices. Inspect their stock and convince yourself that they are headquarters in their line.
Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty.

Notice.

ANN ARBOR, December 15, 1893.

Sir: A meeting of the chairman of the local committees appointed by the several villages and townships in this county was held in this city on Thursday last. It was determined at that meeting that there should be a general relief committee of this county of which the chairman of each local committee should be a member. The committee was organized by the election of B. M. Thompson as chairman and James O. St. Clair, secretary.

B. M. Thompson, Mayor of Ann Arbor; Alfred Davenport, Supervisor of York; Michael P. Alber, Supervisor of Freedom; Fred Siple, Poor Commissioner of Ann Arbor, and Geo. J. Crowell, of Chelsea, were appointed to formulate a plan for soliciting aid and forwarding the same to the poor and destitute in the Upper Peninsula. That sub committee submitted a report, a copy of which is enclosed herewith, which was unanimously adopted.

We hope that your committee will, as the report urges, commence soliciting aid immediately, and that the work will be well and thoroughly done so that every one may have an opportunity to give, be his gift ever so small.

It is expected that the local committees at the several shipping points will make arrangements for receiving supplies immediately, and we should suggest that a notice of the place where such supplies can be delivered be posted in the postoffice or some other public place. It is expected that the local committees at the shipping points will keep an account of all supplies received and shipped and will credit the several townships furnishing such supplies and will also notify the secretary of the general committee in order that a full and accurate statement of the donations of the county as a whole, and of each township, village or city, may be published for the information of our citizens.

Respectfully,

J. O. ST. CLAIR,

Sec. of Relief Com. of Washtenaw Co.

To the General Relief Committee of Washtenaw County.

GENTLEMEN: Your Committee to whom was referred the question of devising some general plan for soliciting aid for the poor and destitute in the upper peninsula, collecting supplies and forwarding the same, have had the same under consideration and beg leave to suggest.

1. That the local committee of each township in the county divide the township by school districts, and that there be a house to house canvass made in each school district.

2. That the local committees of the cities and villages make a house to house canvass.

3. That the supplies collected be turned over to the local committee of Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti, Chelsea, Dexter, Saline or Milan, and that such supplies be forwarded either to the relief committee of Dickenson or Gogebic County, or first reported to the general relief committee at Detroit, care of J. L. Hudson, Esq., and sent as that committee shall direct. Your committee would recommend that all shipments be made under direction of the general committee at Detroit, for the reason that the general committee will be fully advised of the condition of affairs in the north and will be able to forward such supplies to the points where they are most needed. A report of all supplies forwarded should be sent to the secretary of the general relief committee of this county in order that all of our citizens may know through the reports of that committee what each Township, Village and City has done and what are the aggregate donations of the county.

4. The several local committees are requested to solicit money, clothing, grain and all kinds of provisions except perishable vegetables. It is suggested that arrangements be made at each shipping point with some flouring mill to grind all grain donated or to exchange flour for such grain.

5. The committee recommend and urge that the work of soliciting donations be commenced immediately and completed not later than the first of January next. All of which is respectfully submitted.

December 14, 1893.

B. M. THOMPSON,
 ALFRED DAVENPORT,
 FRED SIPLEY,
 MICHAEL P. ALBER,
 GEO. J. CROWELL, } Com.

IS YOUR CHIMNEY BIG ENOUGH FOR SANTA CLAUS ?

This is usually an important question with the little folks, but you needn't worry about it this year, for your pocketbook, no matter how small, is certainly big enough for the

Beautiful And Useful Christmas Bargains!

At

The Bank Drug Store.

We are Still Offering the Public an Elegant and Complete line of

SILVERWARE,

Plush Albums, Toilet and Perfume Cases, Beautiful Goods in Celluloid, Antique Oak, Aluminium, Etc., Books, Christmas Cards, Etc.

And the prices we are placing on them will offer you no excuse for failing to

REMEMBER ALL YOUR FRIENDS.

Choice Florida Oranges, 15 cents per dozen.

Good Mixed Candy 6 cents per pound.

Confectionery, Peanuts, Popcorn Balls, etc.

A Merry Christmas To All.

Your Respectfully,

F. P. GLAZIER & CO,

FARMS Chelsea Savings Bank

FOR

SALE!

Do you want to buy a Good Farm at a Low Price, and on easy terms?

I have three nice farms, and can and will give you a Grand Bargain, as I want to sell them.

Come and see me if you have any idea of buying a farm. It will pay you.

GEO. P. GLAZIER.

Chelsea, Michigan.

Chelsea, Michigan.

Capital Paid In \$60,000.00.

Extends to its customers every facility in banking and solicits your patronage.

HON. S. G. IVES, President.
 THOS. S. SEARS, Vice-President.
 GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.
 THEO. E. WOOD, 1st Asst. Cashier.
 ERNEST WALSH, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

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Hon. S. G. Ives Harmon S. Holmes
 Thos. S. Sears Wm. J. Knapp
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 Heman M. Woods John R. Gates
 Geo. P. Glazier.

The Old Grocery Stand

Is No. 7 South Main St.

20 lbs granulated Sugar for \$1.00
 22 lbs Light Brown Sugar for \$1.00
 A good Tea 12 1/2c per pound.
 A fine one for 30c per pound.
 A good Coffee 19c per pound.
 Best Cheese sold in Chelsea 14c per pound.
 2 packages Breakfast food for 25c.
 A good Raisin 8c per pound.
 6 bars and kind Laundry Soap 25c.

A good Wash Board for 15c.
 Oil, 9c per gal.
 Large Jug Mustard, 15c.
 Try our Rock Candy Drips Syrup only 40c gal.
 We are showing Molasses of all grades and prices.
 Candies, we have an endless variety.
 Fine Oranges and Lemons.

Crockery, Glassware and Lamps.

Before purchasing Holiday presents call and see our Vase, Hanging and Banquet Lamps, Fine Dinner and Chamber Sets, China, Celery, Salad and Olive Dishes. Large variety of Water Sets just arrived. China Bread, Cake and Fruit Plates, Crumb Brushes and Trays.

GEO. BLAICH.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL- Regular Session.

In the senate on the 11th Senator Hear ofered a resolution attacking the president's Hawaiian policy and Senator Gray made reply.

The session of the senate on the 12th was occupied in discussing the bill to repeal the federal election laws.

In the senate the Hawaiian question was again discussed on the 13th and a resolution calling upon the president for further information in the matter was referred to the committee on foreign affairs.

SENATOR VOORHEES introduced a bill in the senate on the 14th for the coinage of silver dollars and the retirement of small denominations of gold and paper.

THE senate was not in session on the 15th. In the house the bill for the admission of Arizona as a state was passed by a vote of 185 to 61 and the bill to admit New Mexico was discussed.

DOMESTIC.

FOUR negroes were lynched near Selma, Ala., for attempting to break into the house of Mrs. W. G. Jones. This made six lynchings in that section in one week.

LAURA and Lizzie Beckhard, aged 17 and 10 years, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed their home near Daleville, Ala.

JOSEPH SIMS, a bricklayer at Dover, Tenn., killed his wife and then blew out his own brains. His inability to effect a reconciliation with his wife was the cause.

THE Akron (O.) Iron company went into the hands of a receiver with liabilities of \$500,000.

G. W. DEFRANCE, 19 years old, was found guilty of robbing a mail carrier of a mail pouch in Omaha and sentenced to life imprisonment. One cent was all the young robber realized.

MOONSHINERS waylaid United States Marshal Winnie Robinson in Mississippi and after killing him burned his body.

D. GUTLOH and Charles M. Landberg, importers of furs at New York and Philadelphia, failed for \$140,000.

THE plant of the Dealers' Distilling company at Hammond, Ind., was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$200,000.

A JURY to try Patrick Eugene Prendergast for the murder of Carter H. Harrison in Chicago was secured after six days' work in Judge Brentano's court.

THE fire loss for the country for the week ended on the 9th was estimated at \$3,012,500. This brings the year's loss up to date to \$127,300,000.

PANCHA, a Mexican 113 years old and totally blind, was burned to death in his home at San Diego, Cal.

FRED MILLER, the pedestrian, and Gaess, his dog, who started to walk from San Francisco to New York (3,200 miles) on June 26, have arrived in New York.

THE National farmers' congress began its thirteenth annual session in Savannah, Ga.

THE Bank of Willow City, N. D., was placed in the hands of a receiver.

THE total value of Iowa crops the past year, exclusive of the products of orchards, gardens and vineyards, is placed at \$161,097,032.

NANCY HANKS, the famous trotter, has retired from the race track.

J. W. DAVIDSON, deputy clerk, dropped dead from apoplexy while in the act of swearing a witness in a court at Findlay, O.

THE next national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic will be held in Pittsburgh, Pa., beginning September 10.

W. A. RICHARDS, agent of the Sun Insurance company of San Francisco, disappeared with \$10,000 belonging to the company.

THE officers of the Ottumwa (Ia.) Loan, Bond & Investment company disappeared with the funds.

ROBBERS broke into a jail at Paris, Mo., and stole a large sum of money from a drunken prisoner.

JOHN ARMSTRONG was hanged at Athens, Tenn., for the murder of French Sharp in April last.

THE large stable of H. L. Denenick at California, Mo., was destroyed by fire, together with eight valuable horses.

RENOUNCED by Ida Hall, his sweetheart, Edward Handfield shot her fatally at Denver and then killed himself.

FIRE burned William B. Frear's dry goods house in Troy, N. Y., the largest in the city, the loss being \$400,000.

INFLUENCED by a dream Mrs. Radie Hewitt, of Mount Summit, Ind., refused to marry William Norton on the wedding day.

AN express train on the Pennsylvania road was wrecked near Nanticoke, Pa., and twelve persons were injured.

SEVEN men were injured, three probably fatally, by the falling of a section of the roof of an icehouse at Bellaire, O.

THE Bank of Rushville, Neb., was closed by the state banking board.

THE Sun Vapor Street Light company at Canton, O., went into the hands of a receiver, with liabilities of over \$300,000.

E. L. DUCK, the big cigarette manufacturer at Durham, N. C., failed for \$500,000.

BARBER shops in Kansas City, Mo., will hereafter be closed on Sunday.

THREE miners were fatally injured by a falling cage in Ward's mine at Moberly, Mo.

THE J. W. Warren & Co.'s hardware establishment at Troy, N. Y., was burned, the loss being \$200,000.

DURING the year now closing nearly 13 per cent of the entire railway mileage of the United States, representing over 12 per cent of the entire capitalization, has gone into the hands of receivers.

EARTHQUAKE shocks were felt at Carmi and Albion, Ill., and at Evansville and Mount Vernon, Ind. No damage was done.

GREAT suffering was reported among the farmers in northwestern Nebraska on account of failure of the crops during the last three years.

VICAR GENERAL MCCABE, of the Providence (R. I.) diocese, was found dead in bed at the parochial residence.

FOR killing father, sister and step-mother Charles J. Lucky was hanged at Brockville, Ont. He protested his innocence.

THE Farmers' national congress at Savannah, Ga., elected D. F. Clayton, of Iowa, as president.

JOHN Y. MCKANE, the Gravesend (N. Y.) chief of police, was sentenced to thirty days in jail and a fine by Judge Barnard for offenses against the elective franchise at the last state election.

AFTER a separation of fifty years William C. Burner and Mrs. Childs, a sister, met at Lima, O.

ANGELO ZAPPA was hanged at Pittsburgh, Pa., for murdering Frank Helmsstetter in July, 1892, in a row growing out of a quarrel between the wives of the two men.

THE Arcade and several blocks at Buffalo, N. Y., were destroyed by fire, the loss being estimated at \$750,000.

By direction of the president Secretary Carlisle called for twenty-four resignations in the treasury service.

THE Indiana supreme court holds that residence property can recover damages caused by the presence of a saloon.

R. PATRICK & Co., bankers at Pittsburgh, Pa., closed their doors with liabilities of \$500,000 and assets of \$700,000.

RALPH CROSSMIRE, who murdered his mother at Farmer's Valley on November 19, 1892, was hanged at Smithport, Pa.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 15th aggregated \$1,915,882,558, against \$1,118,427,587, the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1892, was 22.7.

THE fourth span of the great bridge over the Ohio from Louisville, Ky., to Jeffersonville, Ind., fell and thirty-three workmen were killed and many others were injured.

THERE were 839 business failures in the United States (including seven banks) in the seven days ended on the 15th, against 386 the week previous and 279 in the corresponding time in 1892.

THE Crane iron company of Philadelphia failed for \$700,000.

In the Indiana gas belt over 20,000 men were out of employment and their families dependent on charity for support.

EXECUTIONS took place as follows: Arthur Courtney and Henry Taylor (colored) at Princess Anne, Md., for the murder of Capt. Cooper, and Dick Robinson at Sedalia, Mo., for the murder of a German domestic named Johanna Schollman.

Efforts will be made by the police to keep out the hordes of tramps now flocking to Chicago.

A WRECK on the New York & Pennsylvania road about 6 miles north of Dunkirk, N. Y., resulted in the loss of eight lives and the injury to others.

HARRISBURG, Ill., was struck by a tornado which unroofed houses, uprooted trees and did other damage.

THE available stocks of wheat in the United States and Canada, according to Bradstreet's, are 107,826,000 bushels.

FARMER JACOB FOX, living near Lima, O., signed a thirty-day note for \$5,000 believing it was a contract for a piano.

AN old lady named Mrs. Jettie Eitel was sent to the deaconess home at Evansville, Ind., and cried herself to death.

TREASURER ARMSTRONG, of Tipton county, Ind., was found guilty of embezzling \$80,000 and sentenced to a year's imprisonment.

In a fight between cattlemen and "drifters" near San Angelo, Tex., four men were killed.

A STONE wrecked an express train at Bamford Station, Pa., and sixteen persons were injured.

THAT female teachers are driving males out of the profession is shown by the report of the school superintendent of Iowa.

TRADE throughout the country was said to be very dull, distress among idle operatives was conspicuous, and contributions in aid of the suffering unemployed were a feature of the holiday season.

EFFORTS were being made to save the neck of Wilson Howard, held at Jefferson, Mo., for over thirty murders.

On her official trial trip the United States cruiser Olympia made a record of 21.67 knots an hour.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

J. V. BURROBS, aged 104, died at Denison, Tex. He had been married nine times and was the father of thirty-two children, twenty-four of whom are living.

EX-CONGRESSMAN JOHN CESSNA died at Bradford, Pa., in his 73d year. He was a member of the Forty-first and Forty-third congresses.

CHARLES ROBERT THORNE, the veteran actor and manager, died in San Francisco, aged 74 years.

THE official canvass of the vote at the November election in New York gives the republicans both branches of the legislature, and the constitutional convention will be composed of Republicans, 110; democrats, 65. Maynard (dem.) for court of appeals was beaten by 101,064.

CHAIRMAN CARTER of the republican national committee issued a call for a meeting of the executive committee at the Arlington hotel, Washington, January 11.

MRS. PORTER, widow of Admiral Porter, died at her home in Washington, aged 74 years.

MRS. MATILDA HARPER (colored) died at Peoria, Ill., at the age of 105 years.

DR. DAVID THAYER, who aided John Brown in his plans to free the slaves, died at Boston. He was 80 years old.

JOHN L. PORTER, designer and builder of the famous rebel ram Merrimac, died in Portsmouth, Va., in his 81st year.

FOREIGN.

EIGHT persons were killed in the tax riots at Partenico, Sicily, and the heads of the sheriff and his wife were paraded on poles.

GEN. VINCENTE VILADA, of the Mexican federal army, was captured by the insurgents and hung.

THE search of the Paris police for anarchists will probably result in the expulsion of many foreigners from France.

THE provisional government in Hawaii was fortifying and preparing to resist restoration of the queen.

MEXICAN soldiers were defeated by revolutionists near Calnia Juarez and 100 regulars and twenty-five rebels were killed.

A PASSENGER train collided with a freight train near Soshowico, Poland, and eleven persons were killed.

CHOLERA has broken out in the city of Namur, capital of the Belgian province of the same name.

FOURTEEN persons were killed and fifty injured in a railway collision near Zoznoska, Russia.

LATER.

THERE was no session of the United States senate on the 16th. In the house the urgent deficiency bill was taken up and during the discussion Mr. Cannon (Ill.) severely criticised the pension policy of the administration. A bill was introduced to protect the forest reserve.

THE grip was epidemic in Connecticut. Reports showed that there were more than 1,500 cases in the state.

SALLIE MCALLISTER, whose weight was 750 pounds, died at her home in Springfield, Ky. She had been exhibited in museums.

PETE NOLAN, a pugilist, had both ears chewed half off in a fight at Cincinnati with Jim Waters, a circus man.

MRS. SARAH FARLEY VAN NOSTRAND, died at her home in East Millston, N. J., aged 105 years, 3 months and 10 days.

THE National Carbon company's works in Cleveland, O., were burned, the loss being \$175,000.

THREE persons and 300 hogs and 100 cattle were killed in a wreck on the Chesapeake & Ohio Southwestern road near Louisville, Ky.

By a wreck on the Seaboard Air Line road near Athens, La., twelve passengers and several trainmen were hurt.

FLAMES in several towns in Japan destroyed 340 houses, and in a tornado at Nayasaki 2,235 houses were wrecked and 43 persons were killed.

HENRY G. GIVENS (colored) was lynched near Nebo, Ky. He was accused of poisoning stock.

GEORGE H. BABCOCK, inventor of the shrapnel shell and the chromatic printing press, died at Plainfield, N. J., aged 62 years.

It was estimated that the cost of the Lehigh valley railway strike to the several brotherhoods would reach \$105,000.

THE Terminal Elevator company's buildings at Buffalo, N. Y., were burned at a late hour. Loss, \$1,000,000.

THE American Federation of Labor in session in Chicago reelected Samuel Gompers president by a majority of ninety-two votes.

A PLEASURE yacht with fifteen people aboard capsized in the harbor at Sidney, N. S. W., during a squall and seven of the party were drowned.

MR. AND MRS. JAMES WILLIAMS, living on a farm near Port Credit, Ont., were murdered by a farm hand.

SOUTH BUFFALO, N. Y., was flooded by the overflow of a creek and 2,500 persons were homeless as a result. Thirty miles of streets and all adjacent land were under water.

THE RUINS OF ANG-KOR.

They Form One of the Most Majestic Monuments of Antiquity in the World.

Recent events have attracted attention to the great lake between Cambodia and Siam, Teule Sap, and to the two Siamese provinces of Ang-Kor and Battambang which adjoin it. A few months ago the Progres de Saigon issued an account, illustrated by native wood engravings, of this great lake of the two provinces and of the famous ruins of Ang-Kor. The region is described as lying to the north of Cochinchina, between Siam, the ocean, and the unknown Laos districts, and although now but thinly populated, it was in former times the abode of a race which was great among the peoples of the east, and which for long centuries was governed by a famous line of sovereigns. The great lake is formed during the rainy season by one of the branches of the Mekong, and is then navigable by large steamers, which go to Siemreap, at the head of the lake, and near the ruins of Ang-Kor, the greatest remains of Khmer civilization.

These ruins were discovered by the Portuguese and Spaniards in 1564, and they were first described in a volume published in Barcelona in the following century. There are Chinese accounts of a much earlier period, and one of these, written in the thirteenth century by an ambassador sent to the Cambodian court, was made known to Europe by Abel Remusat. It includes descriptions of the two famous temples of Ang-Kor Wat and Ang-Kor Thom, which correspond with the ruins of the present day. Since then they have been investigated by French savants, and quite a splendid work on the subject has been published by M. Fournereau. It is thirty hours' steam to Phnom-Penh, the capital of Cambodia, and thirty more to Siemreap. Ang-Kor Wat, or Ang-Kor the Great, the royal pagoda, is the best preserved of all the Khmer remains. Mouhot, who visited it in 1862, says it is more majestic than any other monument of antiquity that we possess. It occupies a large rectangular park, 1,087 miles long and 827 broad. The illustrations show numerous towers, vast terraces, several subsidiary temples, innumerable figures of fantastic mythological animals, galleries, colonnades, avenues, lakes, bridges, etc. The surfaces of the large stones employed in the buildings are covered with pictures and engravings. These huge blocks are believed to have been conveyed to the great heights at which some of them are found by means of inclined planes.

Ang-Kor Thom, which is a few miles away, is still more ancient and around it are the ruins of the old Khmer capital, Preathing, which have been invaded by the forest, giant banyans having their roots below the foundations and their branches among porticos and pillars covered with bas-reliefs. These latter, which are especially well preserved in the underground galleries, represent the national sports, sacred ceremonies and historical events of the Khmers. These are the two main Khmer monuments, but there are hundreds of others scattered over a large area of the country, in the midst of what looks like a primeval forest.—Architect.

The American Plan.

Foreigner—What do you Americans do when the officials you elect fall in their duty to the public, and line their own pockets?

American—Do? Why, sir, we hold indignation meetings—yes, sir; and sometimes, sir, our righteous wrath passes all bounds of propriety, and we actually burn them in effigy—yes, sir. "What do you do next?"

"Next? Why—er—we go back to our business, forget all about it, and elect 'em again."—N. Y. Weeklv.

THE MARKETS.

Table listing market prices for various commodities including LIVE STOCK, FLOUR, WHEAT, CORN, OATS, BEEVES, HOGS, SHEEP, BUTTER, EGGS, and LUMBER, with prices for New York, Dec. 18.



DEATH SEEMED NEAR By reason of intense suffering with an abscess on my thigh, I went to Maryland University Hospital, where they said my trouble was chronic blood poisoning and gave me little hope.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures Hood's Sarsaparilla for it all. I praise Hood's Sarsaparilla for it all. Wm. E. GREENHOLTZ, 1812 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

"August Flower"

"One of my neighbors, Mr. John Gilbert, has been sick for a long time. All thought him past recovery. He was horribly emaciated from the inaction of his liver and kidneys. It is difficult to describe his appearance and the miserable state of his health at that time. Help from any source seemed impossible. He tried upon him was magical. It restored him to perfect health to the great astonishment of his family and friends." John Quibell, Holt, Ont.

WAS A PHYSICAL WRECK.

Could Scarcely Ride or Walk. Suffered for 18 Years!

Cherry Valley, N. Y. Sept. 5, 1893. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Gentlemen: You may use my testimony with pleasure for I would like to do what I can for suffering women. I endured agonies for eighteen years with Female Weakness in every form, and as a last resort turned to you for help. I have taken five bottles of your Swamp-Root, one bottle of Female Remedy, and used two bottles of U & O Anointment. Dr. Kilmer's

Swamp-Root Cured Me.

When I commenced taking your remedies I could neither ride or walk without suffering intense pain; now I can do both as well as I ever could in my life, for I am entirely cured of Female weakness. I can do my own house work, and I feel that I am entirely restored to health. I shall never cease to thank God and you for making me a well and healthy woman from the physical wreck that I was.

At Drugists, 50 cent and \$1.00 Size. "Invaluable Guide to Health" free—Consultation free. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Advertisement for THE STAR THROUGH CAR ROUTE TO FLORIDA, featuring a star-shaped logo and text about routes to Louisville and Nashville.

Advertisement for TO CALIFORNIA VIA New Orleans, offering tourist tickets and information about routes.

Advertisement for Ely's Cream Balm, claiming to cure CATARRH and other ailments, with a price of 50 cents.

Advertisement for After 25 Years, featuring a testimonial about a cure for a long-standing ailment using S.S.S. medicine.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The Germans have, it is said, discovered that a satisfactory kind of paper can be made from the refuse hops that have hitherto gone to waste in breweries.

PROJECT is on foot in Mississippi and elsewhere in the south to purchase Jefferson Davis' house at Beauvoir for a home for indigent ex-confederate soldiers and widows of soldiers.

CLAUS SPRECKELS wants to shine as a social star in San Francisco. He is prepared to spend a half million dollars for a house for this purpose. His oldest son, John D. Spreckels, aspires to be governor of California.

It is estimated, says the National Car and Locomotive Builder, that the railroads between New York and Chicago carried not less than 137,000 passengers during the existence of the Columbian exposition, and the total receipts are put down as probably close to \$4,510,000.

THE 5,000-horse-power dynamo propelled by Niagara water power, it is promised, will begin whirling on the 1st of next February. This will be the largest dynamo in the world. The next largest is the one that propelled the intramural railway at the World's fair, and that had but 2,100-horse power.

THE library of the late Prince Lucien Bonaparte, which is believed to be the finest philological collection in the world, is in the market. It contains upwards of 25,000 volumes, printed in some thirty-five alphabets, and it is valued roughly at £40,000. This library includes many books which are neither in the British museum nor in the Bodleian.

IMAGINE a household numbering 6,000 persons in which no woman is allowed any share in the management. Such is the case at Dolma Bagtche Palace of the sultan. Perhaps the women would object to his majesty's manners, for he never uses a plate, and is seldom open to the attractions of knife and fork. His dinner services are of gold and silver, however.

HELEN KELLER, the little blind and deaf girl who has been attracting great attention lately, is endeavoring to establish a free library in Tusculum, Ala., where she was born. She has written a long letter on the typewriter in advocacy of the project to a friend in Boston, and several charitably disposed persons in that city have contributed books and money for the purpose.

IT is to be gathered from the many denials and counterdenials in regard to the health of Prince Bismarck that he has not yet recovered the vigor that he had before his last sickness. He does indeed walk in his park somewhat as before. He is not, however, able to be at his old place at his writing desk, and receives absolutely no visitors. His friends fear lest the winter of Friedrichshagen will be too severe for him.

AN American woman, Mrs. Mary Virginia Treherne, has just embarked on a perilous enterprise—a pilgrimage through the desert of Syria to the Bedouins and lepers of that region, varied by a week's stay in an inmate in the most noted harem of Damascus and various points of interest. She is accompanied only by her son, a muscular youth of eighteen, except that she will have guides on entering the Holy land.

"POWDER willows" is the name in northern Delaware for those polard swamp willows commonly seen in meadows. The powder-making DuPonts established a market for this wood in Delaware a century ago, and every stream for a dozen miles about Wilmington is lined with these trees. Some have grown to enormous size, and all the older ones are picturesque with great fluffy green balls of foliage in the spring and dense spheres of misty gray twigs in winter.

PROF. TYNDALL's father was a shoemaker, in an Irish village and lived in very humble style, occupying rooms in the rear of his small shop. But like many old-time cobblers he had more than a share of learning and was witty and sarcastic in argument. His son was sent to the local grammar school, and one of his old chums there was M. C. Hennessey, now a Rochester shoe manufacturer. He says that young Tyndall was an effeminate boy, who gave little promise of living to be seventy-three years of age.

THE question of how many bees make a pound is answered by a writer in the American Agriculturist. Careful weighing, states the writer, shows that an ordinary bee, not loaded, weighs the one five-thousandth part of a pound, so that it takes five thousand bees, not loaded, to make a pound. But the loaded bee, when he comes in fresh from the fields and flowers loaded with honey or bee bread, weighs nearly three times more, that is to say, he carries nearly twice his own weight. Of loaded bees, there are only about 1,800 in the pound.

FRIENDS OF SILVER.

They Formulate Plans for the Coming Campaign.

A Movement Looking Toward the Securing of Control in the Next Congress—Result of Their Recent Conference.

THEY HOPE TO WIN.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—A. J. Warner, the president of the conference of the bimetallic league, which has been in session here for several days, has given out an explanatory statement of the action of the conference. The meetings have been well attended, a number of public men in congress lending in their aid by being present. These include Senators Stewart and Jones (Nev.), Peffer (Kan.), Power (Mont.), Allen (Neb.) and Hansbrough (N. D.), and Representatives Pence and Bell (Col.), and Simpson (Kan.) and Sibley (Pa.). The following is President Warner's statement: "It was unanimously agreed in the conference:

"1. That the money question is and will continue to be the paramount issue till it is settled, and settled rightly and on sound principles, and that it can be displaced by no other.

"2. That the first battle is for the next congress.

"3. That to achieve results the silver men must not only stay silver men after they reach congress, but they must there unite, and putting silver above party, work incessantly to accomplish the object for which they were elected."

A number of delegates were in favor of organizing a new party out and out, with the declaration made on the money question as the sole issue, and leaving the way open for the affiliation of not only the people's party, but of the 6,000,000 who refused to vote at all at the late elections, but the conference was not called for such a purpose, and a majority of the delegates present believed the course finally agreed upon to be the better policy in the coming congressional elections.

The conference recommended that the bimetallic league urgently suggest to friends of silver everywhere, in all parties, that they support for the Fifty-fourth congress only such candidates as will pledge themselves in nominating conventions and openly and publicly in their canvass for election to the following action in case of their election:

"1. That they will enter into no party caucus that will bind or restrain them from voting and acting in the Fifty-fourth congress otherwise than as given in their pledges to the people before their election, but that they will unite with others who are in favor of the restoration of the bimetallic standard of money by the free and unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver, on the ratio of 16 to 1, as before the act of 1873, and the issue by the general government of the paper currency without the intervention of banks, and against the issue of bonds to buy gold, and that they will act and vote on all matters during their term as members of the Fifty-fourth congress to secure this end, and especially in the election of speaker and in the organization of the house and in the event an election of a president falls to the house of representatives.

"2. That to this end the conference recommends that silver leagues be everywhere organized and the work of education be carried on throughout the country, and that in addition to this work thorough organization be effected in states and districts where such work will be most effective in the election of members of congress and of state legislatures."

The following motion was also adopted:

"That this conference recommend that there be held during the present winter two conventions, one somewhere in the south and one at Des Moines, Ia."

On motion of Gen. King, of Louisiana, that a committee of three on the union of the republics of America and other silver standard nations of the world, with the president of the bimetallic league as chairman, be appointed. Gen. King, of Louisiana, Mr. E. D. Stark, of Ohio, and Judge E. Shelton, of Connecticut, were named as the committee.

SLAIN IN BATTLE.

Hard Fighting in Brazil—Hundreds Are Killed.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—The Times publishes a dispatch from Rio de Janeiro dated December 9, via Montevideo December 15, saying:

"The manifesto of Admiral de Gama, the insurgent admiral in command at Rio de Janeiro during the absence of Admiral de Mello, has produced excitement and greatly increases the popularity of the revolution.

"A messenger who has returned from San Paulo and Santos states that the monarchist element predominates everywhere. The people are prepared to follow the lead of Admiral de Gama.

"Fernando Lobo, minister of justice and of the interior, resigned yesterday in consequence of a divergence of opinion with President Peixoto concerning present events. This shows that the position of President Peixoto is weakening.

"On Wednesday night I visited Fort Villegaignon in an insurgent launch. When we passed between Cobras Island and Fort Villegaignon the troops lining the shore front opened a heavy rifle fire and Fort Villegaignon replied briskly, killing and wounding 100 soldiers. I found the fortress much damaged. All the buildings are in ruins and the masonry of the center, toward the mouth of the harbor, is much out of way in consequence of the shelling it has received from the government forces. The insurgents were working well, but were greatly exposed and three of them were dismounted. I examined the fortress thoroughly and consider that it can resist for two months longer.

"On Saturday night 1,500 government troops lining the shore near the war and marine arsenals opened a heavy fire from machine guns and rifles upon Cobras Island for the purpose of covering the advance of storming parties of covering the advance of storming parties of Cobras Island repulsed strongly, causing the troops to abandon the attempt after two hours' heavy firing, the insurgents having only two men wounded. The firing on both sides was very wild.

"The government proposes landing troops upon the island of Governador, now belonging to the insurgents, for the purpose of preventing supplies reaching the insurgents. The landing parties are prepared to resist. The insurgents intend to keep up a continuous fire upon the custom house and thus preventing all business.

"Thursday the insurgents seized the steamer 'Parashiba,' flying the Argentine flag, carrying war material and provisions and proceeding to Santos and Rio Grande. The vessel refusing to leave to the insurgents fired, killing one and wounding four men. The insurgents then boarded her."

UNDER WATER.

The City of Buffalo, N. Y., Visited by a Dismal Flood.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 19.—The flood disaster in South Buffalo proves to be of the greatest magnitude. The part of the city devastated is not thickly populated, but it is estimated that at least 500 houses are surrounded with water of a depth ranging from 3 to 5 feet, and that fully 2,500 people have been driven from their homes. Thirty miles of streets and all adjacent land except the embankments thrown up for railroads are under water. The submerged section, if squared, would extend 33 miles each way. Buffalo river and Cazenovia creek are lost in the flood. The whole section is a vast sea of water.

Many miles of sidewalks have floated away, along with a few small houses and many outbuildings. Much damage has been done by the water undermining the foundations of asphalt pavements. It cannot be learned that any lives were lost, but there were many narrow escapes. Dan Donohue and his wife, who live in a house located near the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western tracks at Abbott road, came near finding a watery grave. The water was fast rising around their house, and they attempted to escape through the window, but jumped short of the boat and fell into the water. They were rescued with much difficulty. Hundreds of rescues were made by officers and citizens at considerable personal risk.

The main tracks of the Lake Shore, Nickel Plate, Buffalo & Rochester, Pittsburgh & Western and New York & Pennsylvania railroads at Tefft street are completely under water, and trains are being run with danger. If the flood keeps on the tracks will be washed away. It is impossible to accurately estimate the loss done to property and streets, but it will certainly exceed \$100,000. Every family in the district will suffer a loss.

One curious result of the flood is that it caused a water famine. The flooded section is newly settled and many of the streets are without city water. Drinking water in many of the inundated streets is taken from wells. Now these wells are filled up with muddy water wholly unfit for use, and there is great discomfort on account of the difficulty of getting pure water. There may yet be serious suffering from this cause.

SCHAEFER'S GREAT WORK.

He Wins the Billiard Match, Breaking the High Run and Average Records.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—Schaefer vanquished Ives Saturday night with an ease and simplicity that were wonderful to behold. He not only did this but he smashed the balk line record to smithereens. At the conclusion of the game, which only lasted five and a half innings, the score stood 600 to 50. The Wizard wound it up in the first half of the sixth inning by his marvelous record-breaking run of 566. He also broke the record for average, which stood at 75, and was made by Vigneaux in Chicago several years ago. Schaefer by twice defeating Ives wins the tournament. His only defeat at the hands of Slosson was a good losing performance. The record for the week was:

PLAYER	Won	Lost	High Run	Best Average	Grand Total
Schaefer	3	1	566	100.37	2,341
Ives	2	2	141	50.25	4,581
Slosson	1	3	164	41.81	12,701

TEXAS CATTLE STARVING.

No Rain in Many Sections for Months and Ranges Are Devoid of Grass.

GALVESTON, Tex., Dec. 19.—Capt. Joseph F. Nash, an extensive ranchman, reports that in many localities in western Texas no rain has fallen for at least five months and consequently there is no grass, the range in many sections having been completely eaten up. Range cattle have been reduced to skeletons and are dying by hundreds. With the advent of the cold weather, which generally strikes Texas by the latter part of December or the early days of January, the loss of cattle is expected to be frightful.

PREFER DEATH TO SIBERIA.

Russian Nihilists Blow Out Their Brains Rather Than Submit to Arrest.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 19.—A force of Moscow police, assisted by a detachment of Cossacks, surprised a large number of nihilists who were holding a meeting in an isolated house outside of Moscow recently. The nihilists resisted and fifteen policemen were wounded. Many of the nihilists were armed with revolvers. When they saw that their capture was inevitable five of them turned their weapons against themselves and blew out their brains. Twenty-two managed to escape, but fifty others were captured.

WANTS TO BE GOVERNOR.

"Buffalo Bill" Would Like to Preside Over Nebraska's Destitutes.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 19.—Since Hon. William F. Cody ("Buffalo Bill") has returned to his home in North Platte he has been banqueting all the people of the neighborhood, and has, in fact, kept open house. It has just been learned that the purpose which he has in view is to become a candidate for governor on the republican ticket next year. As Nebraska has never had a governor from the western part of the state, and as Cody is very popular, his candidacy will be strong and possibly successful.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Wheat Fairly Good.

The Michigan crop report for December gives indications that while the wheat plant was of small growth it has gone into the winter in fairly good condition, the average being 84, 89 and 96 per cent in the southern, central and northern counties respectively. The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in November is 1,704,351. The number of bushels reported marketed in the four months, August-December, is 6,358,371, which is 378,825 bushels less than marketed in the same months last year.

Corrections and Charities.

The twelfth annual convention of the state board of corrections and charities and county agents was held in Muskegon. Gov. Rich praised highly the work of the state for the criminal and unfortunate of all kinds, and Justice Grant, of the supreme court, delivered an address, in which he advocated determinate sentences for crimes of similar magnitude, as where one judge gives a sentence of five years for the same crime another gives forty years.

A Family Affair.

There is a school district in Stronach township, Manistee county, which has but one person of school age. There is but one family in the district, and the three district offices are held by the father, mother and son. Taxes have been paid into the district treasurer's hands each year, and now it is claimed that the money has been misappropriated, and hereafter all funds will be retained by the township treasurer.

Skipped with the Cash.

S. A. Carno, of the firm of Carno & Morton, furriers at Grand Rapids, took \$585 of the firm's money and went to New York a week ago to buy goods. He has written to his partner, Mrs. Morton, that he will not return. The money he took belonged to her, as he had no financial interest in the firm. Carno also borrowed \$364 from his landlady, Mrs. Mandel, promising interest at the rate of \$15 a month.

Returned the Money.

The total defalcation of John Clegg, the deputy postmaster at the Atlantic mine, is \$880.18—\$548.18 from the post office and the balance from the Detroit Loan & Investment company. Of this sum he sent \$370 to his wife, who was away from home, but as soon as she learned that her husband had misappropriated the money she returned home and handed it to Postmaster Edwards.

A Burglar Confesses.

Thomas McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, was sentenced at Muskegon to two and one-half years in state prison for burglary. He made a confession, saying that in addition to the store of C. B. Mann & Co., he intended to rob the store of the Towner Hardware Co. He was assisted by a Muskegon and by a Grand Rapids man.

Trotting Horse Breeders.

The annual meeting of the Michigan Trotting Horse Breeders' association was held in Kalamazoo and the following officers were chosen: President, S. A. Browne, Kalamazoo; vice president, J. C. Deyo, Jackson; treasurer, Walter Clark, Battle Creek; secretary, J. C. Webb, Mason.

Reports to the Board of Health.

Sixty observers in various localities in the state say that during the week ended December 9 pleuritis and erysipelas increased in area of prevalence. Diphtheria was reported at twenty-two places, scarlet fever at forty-six, typhoid fever at thirty and measles at eight places.

Short But Newsworthy Items.

Vicksburg's daughters of charity have organized for relief this winter.

Oramel Hosford, professor emeritus of astronomy and mathematics of Olivet college, died at Olivet. Prof. Hosford was one of the founders of the republican party at Jackson, in 1854.

Thomas Kissane, of Ironwood, was waylaid in a lonely section and so terribly beaten that he may die.

Some Jackson parties are talking of buying the old coal mines at Williamsport for the purpose of manufacturing tile, etc., from the fire-clay therein.

M. and Mrs. Frank B. Taylo pioneers of Kalamazoo, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding.

An Otsego preacher has twice been told to "charge it" after uniting two of the young people of that village, but has made out bills, and will present them one of these days.

Mrs. Betsey Packard, a pioneer resident of Lansing, died of la grippe at the age of 83 years.

A Walpole island Indian named William Day rowed across to Algonac in his canoe, drank too much firewater and started for home. He was found dead in his canoe at Russell's island.

A Mt. Morris man got mad and swore on the public street and a justice fined him six dollars.

The supposed gold find at Gladwin proved to be white sand with a mixture of oxide of iron.

Martin Lee and wife, of Kalamazoo, celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of their marriage.

The salt well at Trenton is down over 1,200 feet and a bed of pure salt 28 feet thick has been reached and passed, the company being confident of finding a thicker stratum.

FEDERAL ELECTIONS DEBATE.

The Proposal to Repeal the Law Discussed in the United States Senate.

In the senate, on the 12th, when the federal elections bill was being considered, Mr. Cullom (rep., Ill.) opposed repeal, and said:

"It is the argument of state rights and state sovereignty as against and above the power of the United States. Shall the elections of senators and representatives in congress be subject alike to the frauds and outrages of the judicial ruffians and the ward bullies? Shall the mandate of a corrupt judge—the order of a Maynard—determine the complexion of a legislature which elects a senator of this body? Shall the brawn and muscle of a McKane, in defiance of courts and laws, control next year the election of a representative in congress and congress have no power to protect by law the integrity of its own membership? In other words, is there to be no power in the hands of congress by which it may maintain in a degree the integrity and purity of its membership, or must it be ever subject to the frauds and wrongs which state laws have failed to prevent?"

"As a republican I would much rather have such a system of laws meant and intended solely for the protection of the honest and legitimate voter, even if every official agency for their enforcement shall be of the democratic party. I have not so lost faith in American citizenship as to believe that the sworn officers of any political party will persistently ignore the requirements of wise and just election laws. Better such a system, by whomsoever it may be administered, than to be without law and without hindrance to the criminal acts of the vicious and depraved classes."

In the course of his remarks Senator Cullom attacked the New York machine, and especially Isaac H. Maynard, the defeated candidate for judge. This brought Senator Hill (dem., N. Y.) to his feet and a long dialogue was begun. "Is the senator aware of the fact," asked Senator Hill, "that the election case to which he refers would not have controlled the senate of the state of New York?"

Senator Cullom—If the senator proposes to justify that action by the declaration that it would not have controlled the politics of the New York state senate I regard it as no sufficient question to be asked in this case because if it was a crime, whether or not it controlled the senate in that state, the senator ought not to justify it, nor should any other man.

Senator Hill—Whether there was anything irregular or criminal in the action in that senatorial district is one question. We will discuss that at the proper time. The senator from Illinois of course does not expect me to answer him now. The point that the senator seemed to me to be trying to make was that the action in that district had affected the control of the senate of New York. Upon that point I beg to inform him that his statement is not true.

Senator Cullom—Whether the statement is exactly true or not—

Senator Hill—It is neither exactly true nor substantially true.

Senator Cullom—It probably required two or three changes in order to secure control of the legislature and the election of a senator friendly to the senator from New York.

Senator Hill—The election of the United States senator had nothing whatever to do with that question, except in a very slight degree.

Senator Cullom—Of course, I yield to the senator from New York so far as familiarity with the facts are concerned.

Senator Hill—I do not say that the senator willfully mistakes the facts. I presume he has simply taken the partial accounts in the partisan newspapers of our state.

Senator Cullom—I have not relied upon newspaper accounts entirely. I have understood and I think the country understands that the action of that man (Judge Maynard) inaugurated a scheme which resulted in changing the character of the legislature.

Senator Hill—In that respect I desire to inform the senator and the country at the same time that his statement is not the correct one of the situation.

Mr. Cullom then resumed the direct course of his speech. He called upon good people everywhere in America regardless of politics to join as one man to perpetuate, to make stronger and more efficient every guard and protection for honest elections. He referred to what he termed the general situation. He spoke of the recent panic and hard times, but had not proceeded far when Mr. Hill again interrupted.

Senator Hill—Does the senator expect to prevent the country from realizing these dire effects he has mentioned by the continuance of the federal election laws?

Senator Cullom—Their repeal is one of the steps to be taken, the end of which will be the destruction of the industries and the very life of the nation.

Senator Hill—I understood the senator from Illinois a few minutes ago to refer to the recent election in New York as a condemnation of a certain political method or results. I understand him now to claim that the election was a vindication of the republican protective policy.

Senator Cullom—I do say that the conduct which I have described as having occurred in New York state, which, in my judgment, gave the majority to the democratic party and which resulted in the election of a democratic senator, has been condemned by nearly 100,000 majority in defeating the democratic candidate (Judge Maynard) for judge.

Senator Hill—Had the elections anything to do with the question of the tariff?

Senator Cullom—No, except that the democratic party in convention adopted a platform and ever since has declared that it intended to carry out in law what it proclaimed in its platform at Chicago, and that has alarmed the people and helped to give the majorities which have been recently given in favor of the republican party and against the democratic party.

Senator Hill—The senator need not lie awake nights over any anxiety upon the subject of whether the democratic party proposes to carry out its pledges upon the tariff question. I can assure him that the party does intend to carry them out faithfully, honestly and impartially.

Senator Cullom then went on with his speech, referring to the pulling down of the American flag in Hawaii, which could not have been accomplished by all the powers of monarchial Europe, but which had been committed by the order of an American president upon the advice and recommendation of a "newly-baptized democratic secretary of state."

WALKED 3,200 MILES.

Pedestrian Miller and His Dog Finish Their Trip from Frisco to New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—Fred Miller, the pedestrian, and Gaess, his dog, who started to walk from San Francisco to New York (3,200 miles) on June 26, have arrived here. Miller says he met with no trouble except the want of food when he crossed Arizona and New Mexico. Miller was to complete the journey in six months and had to depend entirely upon the public for food for himself and dog. He has been tramping for five months and sixteen days. He does not look any the worse for the trip, but he says he feels weary. When he started he weighed 128 pounds, and when he was weighed to-day he scaled 118.

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WE have just received the largest and best assorted line of Fancy Goods, Stamped Linens and Towels, ever in Chelsea. Don't fail to call and look these over.



SPECIAL Prices this week on Cloaks and Shawls for Christmas Gifts.



SPECIAL Prices this week on Overcoats and Suits.



WE are offering for this week only, Gentlemen's 25 and 35 cent Neckwear for 21 cents.

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What Does It Mean? It means the best Drugs and Groceries for the Least Money.

How Do We Know? Read our price list ever week, try our goods and you will know

How We Know It.

\$1.00 medicines for 75 cents. 50c medicines for 38 cents.
25c medicines for 18 cents. 25 lbs Sulphur for \$1.00

Spirits Camphor 40c per pint.
All plasters, pills and ointments 25% off regular price.
PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED IN A NEAT AND PROPER MANNER; we will not use cheap drugs, lives are too valuable.

Fine Florida Oranges, 15c per doz.	20 lbs Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.
Choice Lemons, 18c per doz.	25 lbs Brown Sugar for \$1.00.
Good Raisins, 5c per lb.	All Laundry Soaps, 6 bars for 25c.
4 Cr. L. M. Raisins, 10c per lb.	Royal Baking Powder 4c per lb.
Choice California Prunes, 10c per lb.	Good Baking Powder, 20c per lb.
Choice Cluster Raisins, 12 1/2c per lb.	9 sticks Chicory for 10c.
Lamp Wick 1c per yd.	Best Kerosine Oil 9c per gal.
Full Cream Cheese, 14c per lb.	Stick Candy, 10c per lb.
4 lbs. V. & C. Crackers for 25c.	Mixed Candy 10c per lb.
8 lbs Rolled Oats for 25c.	Good Rice, 5c per lb.
Starch, 6 per lb.	Good Salmon, 2 cans for 25c.
Arm & Hammer Saleratus, 6c per lb.	Cod Fish in 2 lb pkgs, 8c per lb.
Clothes Pins, 6 doz for 5c.	Sardines in Oil, 5c per can.
Tooth Picks, 5c per box.	Sardines in Mustard, 10c per can.
Lantern Globes, 5c each.	3 cans Pumpkins for 25c.
Lamp Chimneys, No. 1, 3c each.	Choice Canned Corn, 10c per can.
Lamp Chimneys, No. 2, 5c each.	Try 1 gal. of our N. O. Molasses at 25c per gal.
Rising Sun Stove Polish, 5c per pkg.	Also Sugar Syrup at 25c per gal.
Axle Grease, 5c per box.	A fine line of Cigars and Tobaccos.
2 pkg. Yeast Foam for 5c.	Banner Smoking Tobacco, 16c lb.
Good Roasted Coffee, 19c per lb.	Sweet Cuba Tobacco, 38c per lb.
The best 28c Coffee in the market.	Good Plug Tobacco, 25c per lb.
Good Tea Dust 12 1/2 per lb.	Good Fine Cut Tobacco, 35c per lb.
A nice Japan Tea, 30c per lb.	Spices—we have the best—and our prices are right.
The best Japan Tea that money can buy for 50c per lb.	

While we are quoting prices we have no hesitancy in saying that we have the BEST 28c per pound coffee in the market; the best 19c coffee in the market; the best 30c tea in the market; the best 25c syrup; and in fact we can save you money and give you better satisfaction on everything in the line of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Syrups and Molasses. All we ask is a trial and you will do the rest.

Come To US for anything in the line of Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Nail Brushes, Combs, Curling Irons and all toilet articles, and druggists' sundries.

We Will Save You Money.

Highest Market Price Paid for Eggs.

R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Next Monday is Christmas.

The old year is rapidly drawing to a close.

Mrs. Martin Howe spent the past week in Canada.

Miss May Congdon is quite ill with rheumatism.

Rev. Wm. P. Conidine was a Detroit visitor Tuesday.

Chas. Whitaker spent a few days the past week in Lansing.

Geo. P. Glazier was in Detroit the fore part of this week on business.

Vol. 1, No. 1, of the Stockbridge Era has been received. It is a bright newsy sheet.

Mrs. N. Bates, of North street, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hewes at Jackson.

Rev. Father Ternes, of Manchester, was a guest at St. Mary's Rectory last Sunday and Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hudler, of Middle street, were guests of relatives at Grass Lake last week.

Christmas exercises will be held at St. Paul's church next Sunday evening, beginning at 7 o'clock.

Miss Kate Canfield left the first of the week for Ann Arbor, where she will remain for some time.

Mrs. O. B. Taylor, of Detroit, was the guest of Mr. Jas. Taylor and family, of Railroad street, last week.

The Chelsea Dramatic Company will present "Bound by an Oath" at the Town Hall, Grass Lake, Dec. 29.

Died, Thursday, Dec. 14, 1893, Mrs. Jas. Beasley, aged about 71 years. The funeral was held Sunday from the Congregational church, Rev. O. G. Bailey officiating.

Hiram Barton, who has been a resident of Lyndon township for the past 50 year, died Dec. 13, 1893. The funeral was held from the Baptist church, Lyndon, last Friday.

Those who are blessed with a plenty of the necessities of life should look about them and see if they have not some less fortunate neighbors, who are worthy of a little aid.

Miss Mae Wood, of Jefferson street, left Tuesday morning for Woodstock, Canada, where she will visit a few weeks with relatives. Her brother Henry will join her Thursday evening.

J. W. Brighton, of Brockville, Ont., formerly book-keeper for the Glazier Oil Stove Company, of this village, was married Wednesday Dec. 20, 1893, to Miss L. Bristow, of Ottawa, Ont.

The Baptist church will give a concert next Sunday evening, Dec. 24, 1893, at which time a collection will be taken for the benefit of the sufferers in the Northern Peninsula. The music will be a special feature of the concert.

The latest fad is for a girl to take the little bow that fastens the binding of a man's hat and wear it inside her shoe. She will then have an offer of marriage from the man within a month. This may be fun for the girls but it is spoiling the hat of many a man.

Olive Lodge, F. & A. M. elected the following officers last Tuesday evening: W. M., R. S. Armstrong; S. W., Geo. Blaich; J. W., L. T. Freeman; Sec. T. E. Wood; Treas., H. S. Holmes; S. D., Ed. Vogel; J. D., E. Rooke; Tyler, W. B. Sumner; Stewards, G. Webster, E. Dancer.

A man apparently 50 years old and well dressed, was found dead in William Randolph's barn, near Munnith, last week. The body was frozen stiff. There are no means of identification except a knife with the letters "C. T." engraved on the handle. The general opinion is that the man died of cold and hunger.

Holiday Excursion Rates for Christmas and New Years, 1893-94. The Michigan Central Company will sell tickets at one and one-third lowest local first-class fare for round trip. Tickets to be sold December 23, 24, 25, 30 and 31, and January 1, limited to return up to and including January 2, 1894.

R. P. Carpenter Post, G. A. R. elected the following officers Wednesday, Dec. 13, 1893, for the ensuing year: Commander, Rush Green; S. V. C., A. W. Chapman; J. V. C., M. M. Campbell; Surgeon, E. L. Negus; Chaplain, G. J. Crowell; Quartermaster, J. A. Palmer, Adjutant, T. E. Wood; O. of D., Jas. Harrington; O. of G., Thos. Jackson; Delegate, J. D. Schmitman; Alternate, John Strahle.

In Paris the owners of a dog which bit a man, who subsequently died of hydrophobia, are now being prosecuted on a charge of manslaughter through carelessness. This is the first case of the kind, and its result is being anxiously awaited by thousands of proprietors of dogs throughout France, who, in case of a conviction of the defendants will be called upon to bear a new and heavy burden of responsibility.

The following officers were elected by Chelsea Tent, K. O. T. M., on Friday evening, Dec. 15, 1893: Commander, P. J. Lehman; Lt. Commander, Luke Hagan; Record Keeper, Dr. H. H. Avery; Finance Keeper, Edgar Williams; Chaplain Bernard Parker; Physician, Dr. K. Greiner; Sergeant, A. B. Congdon; Master at Arms, Milo Shaver; 1st Master of the Guards, James Ackerson; 2nd Master of the Guards, Fred Canfield; Sentinel, Jacob Hummel; Picket, Geo. Irwin.

At the annual election of officers of the A. O. U. W., held last Monday evening the following were chosen: Master Workman, Geo. Ward; Foreman, J. Bacon; Overseer, C. Steinbach; Recorder, D. B. Taylor; Financier, C. E. Babcock; Receiver, H. S. Holmes; Guide, G. H. Kempf; Inside Watch, E. McCarter; Outside Watch, G. Hutzel; Trustee, A. A. Conkright; Medical Examiner, Dr. McCoglan; Representative to Grand Lodge, D. B. Taylor; Alternate, Geo. Ward.

Don't quarrel over your line fences, but quietly abide by the following legal ruling: "All fences four and one half feet high, and in good repair, consisting of rails, timbers or stone walls, or any combination thereof, and all brooks, rivers, creeks, ditches and hedges, or things, which shall be equivalent thereto, in the judgment of fence viewers, within whose jurisdiction the same may be, shall be deemed legal and sufficient fences. The overseer of the highways of the several townships in this state shall be fence viewers in their respective townships."

Next Monday Dec. 25 will be the anniversary of the Birth of Christ or Christmas. The great day will be appropriately celebrated in St. Mary's church by special services. The first service of the day will be a high mass at 5 a. m.; the second service, a low mass at 8 a. m. and the third service, a high mass at 10:30 a. m. The pastor will preach on the "Incarnation" at the last mass. The juvenile choir has prepared some beautiful Christmas music for the children's mass at 8 a. m. The altars, sanctuary and the whole entire church will be tastefully decorated.

A newspaper is under the necessity of doing as it is ordered by an advertiser, so far as the size of his advertisement and the number of times it is inserted are concerned. At the same time no one knows better than the honest publisher that advertising is an art that is known best to those who practice it most; and that to be successful it has, like every other business to be followed continuously and vigilantly. Many think they have only to run a trial advertisement, two or three times, test its real value, and that if the trial advertisement is not a success then advertising is a failure.

There are nine classes of people who are no good to a town. First, those who go out of town to do their trading. Second, those opposing improvements. Third, those who prefer a quiet town to one of push and business. Fourth, those who imagine they own the town. Fifth, those who think business can be done without advertising. Sixth, those who deride public-spirited men. Seventh, those who oppose every movement that does not originate with themselves. Eighth, those who oppose every public enterprise that does not benefit themselves. Ninth, those who seek to injure the credit of a fellow-townsmen.

The Stockbridge Farmers' Institute to be held in the Town Hall, Tuesday and Wednesday, January 2nd and 3rd, will doubtless be the best Institute ever held in the county. Gov. Rich, Hon. Wm. Ball, Hamburg; Hon. A. C. Glidden, Paw Paw; President Gorton, Dr. Grange, and Prof. Mumford of the Agricultural College will be present and will speak. The Institute will commence Tuesday evening and continue throughout Wednesday—three sessions will be held that day. All farmers should make special effort to be present. It will be a grand treat. All from a distance entertained free. Programs will be published shortly. You are cordially invited to attend.

The annual Christmas entertainment of St. Mary's church, consisting of an elegant supper, fine literary program, and a splendid Christmas tree, elaborately decorated, will be given at the Town Hall on Wednesday Dec. 27, 1893. Supper will be served from 5:30 to 8:00 p. m. Then the literary and musical feast will follow, the festivities to be crowned by the distribution of gifts from the Christmas tree. Some beautiful tableaux vivants will be given. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend. The following ladies will have charge of the tables: Mrs. F. Staffan, Miss Agnes Coulin, Mrs. M. Foster, Mrs. Geo. Nordman, Miss Minnie Howe, Mrs. Ed. Hindelang, Miss Verina Beissel, Mrs. H. Sherry, Mrs. Peter Merkel, Mrs. C. Whitaker, Mrs. Jacob Miller, Miss Anna McKone, Mrs. J. A. Eisenman and Miss Rose Clark. Provision table—Mrs. Geo. Miller, Mrs. Thos. Howe. Tea and coffee table—Mrs. Jane Geraghty, Mrs. Joseph Lyons. Christmas tree—Mrs. Stephen Clark, Miss Rose Cassidy.

Christmas Bargain In Groceries.

Fine Florida Oranges 15c per dozen.
Good Mixed Candy 6c per pound.
25 pounds Brown sugar for \$1.00.
Choice Raisins 5c per pound.
3 pounds good Prunes for 25c.
Oysters, Standards, 18c per can.
Oysters, Selects, 23c per can.
Lemons 20c per dozen.
20 lbs. granulated sugar \$1.00.
Fine 4 Cr. Raisins 10c per pound.
First-class lanterns 35c each.
All Patent Medicines 1-4 off.
4 pounds V. & C. crackers for 25c.
2 packages Yeast Foam for 5c.
Full cream cheese 14c per pound.
Fine extracted honey 38c per quart.
Best Alaska Salmon 12 1/2c per can.
Tea dust 12 1/2c per pound.
3 Cr Raisins 8c per pound.
Gloss Starch 6c per pound.
Arm and Hammer Saleratus 6c per lb.
Best Nudavene Flakes 8 lbs for 25c.
All laundry soaps 6 bars for 25c.
23 boxes matches, (300 to box) for 25c.
Best kerosine oil 9c per gallon.
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.
No. 1 lamp chimneys 3c each.
No. 2 lamp chimneys 5c each.
Best Lantern Globes 5c each.
Choice Coffee 19c per pound.
Fine Herring 20c per box.
3 cans best Pumpkin for 25c.
Mixed and stick candy 10c per pound.
Fine perfumes 35c per ounce.
Clothes plus 6 dozen for 5c.
Codfish in bricks 8c per pound.
Best Baking Powder 20c per pound.
Choice Rice 5c per pound.
Fine N. O. Molasses for 25c per gal.
Extra Japan tea 30c per pound.
9 sticks best chicory for 10c.
Choice Mustard 15c per jug.
3 cakes elegant toilet soap for 20c.
Fine syrup 25c per gallon.
Axle grease 5c per box.
25 pounds sulphur for \$1.
Banner smoking tobacco 16c per pound.
Presto fine cut tobacco 28c per pound.
Good plug tobacco 25c per pound.
Best Sardines 5c per box.
Rising sun stove polish 5c per package.
Purest Spices that can be bought.
Fine toothpicks 5c per package.
Pure Cider Vinegar 18c per gallon.
Sweet Cuba tobacco 38c per pound.
Verily, Merrily, More and More.
It Pays to Trade at

GLAZIER'S STORE.

Dr. K. GREINER,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours—10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m.
Office in the Sherry building, Chelsea, Mich.

PALMER & TWITCHELL

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.
SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

R. McCOLGAN,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office and residence west side South Main street, second door from South St.
Office hours, 3 to 6 p. m.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's bank.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the
CITY BARBER SHOP
Kempf Bros. old bank building.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.
Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

NOW IS YOUR TIME.

I am bound to reduce my Dress Goods stock to the very lowest notch so, for the

Next - Twenty - Days

I will give you

1-3 OFF

On all my

Wool Dress Goods,

If you want 1 yard or 25 yards of Dress Goods, now is the time to buy.

BOOK SALE.

My Christmas Book sale commences Monday Dec. 11th and will say that this is the place to buy your Christmas Books at one-half their value. Century World's Fair Book, The Atlas of the World, and hundreds of other great books will be offered in this sale.

1000 yards check Gingham at 4 1/2c per yrd.

1000 yards Turkey Red Prints at 4 1/2c per yrd.

1000 yards Indigo Blue Prints at 4 1/2c per yrd.

1000 yards best Dress Prints at 4 1/2c per yrd.

1000 yards best Shirting Prints at 4 1/2c per yrd.

2500 yards Lonsdale Cotton at 8c per yrd.

100 Balls and Coroline Corsets at 89c each.

50 Jackson Favorite Waists at 89c each.

500 doz. Coats spool cotton at 4c per spool.

Best Dress Cambrics at 5c per yrd.

Handkerchiefs

150 doz. 15c Handkerchiefs at 5c each.

75 dozen 25c Handkerchiefs for 2 for 25c.

Hosiery

96 dozen 45c wool hose at 25c per pair.

12 dozen 75c Cashmere hose at 48c per pair.

35 dozen 40c ladies mittens at 29c per pair.

Underwear

All 58c Jersey underwear at 44c.

All \$1.25 Jersey underwear at 99c

All \$1.25 flannel skirts at 89c.

While other stores are complaining of being "loaded" we are buying and selling New Goods all the time at lower prices than any store in this vicinity.

Respectfully,

GEO. H. KEMPF,

Here and There.

Geo. E. Davis is quite ill.

Fred Canfield is dangerously ill.

Chas. Steinbach is on the sick list.

Miss Jennie Tuttle was a Grass Lake visitor last week.

George Runciman, treasurer of Lyndon, is quite ill at this writing.

Frank Staffan killed a year-old hog last week that weighed 401 pounds.

No one ever knows what a girl's right name is until her wedding cards are sent out.

James H. Runciman has been very sick for the past two weeks but is now slowly recovering.

Beissel & Staffan have a fine display of candies, nuts and fruits in their corner show window.

The supreme court will pass upon the constitutionality of the inheritance tax law on the first day of January.

Congressman Jas. S. Gorman is having a parquet floor laid in the dining room of his house on East Middle street.

The H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co., R. S. Armstrong & Co., Beissel & Staffan, F. P. Glazier & Co., and Hoag & Holmes each have a change of "ad" in this issue.

Messrs. Nathaniel Laird and Edgar Kellam, who are attending school at Kalamazoo, came home Wednesday and will spend the holidays with their parents.

C. J. Chandler & Co. have temporary office quarter in the Chelsea Savings Bank, and will be ready to receive poultry, etc., during the week beginning Tuesday, Dec. 26, 1893.

We were misinformed in regard to an item which appeared in last week's issue. It should have read, "Miss Celia Kinne, of La Salle, was the guest of Mrs. J. M. Letts last week."

Enough newspaper columns have been printed in the American newspapers about Hawaii to go around the islands twice, and leave enough for a nice, big, fashionable bow knot, besides.

The farmers of Sylvan will meet at the Sylvan Center school house, Jan. 4th, 1894, to talk over the tariff question, in regard to wool, and to send a petition to Congress if deemed advisable, asking that body to leave the tariff on wool.

The five children besides baby Esther Cleveland who were born in the white house were also girls. One of these girls, the grandchild of a President, says Harper's Bazaar, is now employed in one of the departments in Washington, ending, as she began, her days under the government's roof-tree.

A resident of Philadelphia claims to have discovered a process of tanning skins without bark, of doing this, too, in six hours, and having as a result a superior quality of leather. And, if anybody will but discover a process of training dogs in the same way, then will Yankee ingenuity not have existed in vain.

American women are yearly growing more independent. The statistics show that over 3,000,000 women are earning independent incomes in this country. There are some 2,500 practising medicine, 6,000 managing postoffices, 275 preaching the gospel and in New York alone 27,000 of them supporting their husbands.

Professor Garner is now back from Africa, bringing his monkey language with him. We can now learn the tongue that our ancestors (according to Darwinism) talked thousands, perhaps millions, of years before they talked Sanscrit. Philologists have long been seeking in vain to find the earliest tongue to the race. Professor Garner has found it, if Darwin was right.

"I like the Staybolts' way of forbidding their children to talk slang, or to call each other by nicknames, and all that," said Mrs. Billtops to her husband, "but I think they are almost too precise about it. This afternoon I heard little Mabel Staybolt asking our Clara if she heard the Katherinedids sing last night. Now I think that is carrying it to extremes, dear. Don't you?"

Something is clearly wrong with the parity between the market value of husbands and wives. A jury has awarded a wife \$10,000 for her husband killed on the Pennsylvania railroad, and a young man is estimated at such a high price that a woman who did not get him has sued for \$15,000 damages for breach of promise of marriage. On the other hand a Tennessee husband has sold his wife for 50 cents.

Any one finding a tailor, clad in nature's underclothes, surrounded by a bed quilt, and answering to the name of W. S. Repp, will please return him to Mason, where he is wanted for incendiarism. Repp was arrested, lodged in a Stockbridge hotel for the night, and his clothes were taken from him as security escape. It didn't work. Rather than stand a law suit, the tailor toddled without suit of any kind and is much mourned by the officers. They and pneumonia are on his track.—Adrian Press.

It is reported that the Columbian guards on the Midway lost their heads on the last night of the official life of the fair, but so far as is known no reward has been offered for the return of the goods.

The sheriff was once a shire-reeve, or county steward, having the care of the finances, income and order of a community. In England the sheriffs are appointed by the sovereign; in the United States they are elected by the people. In the former country the office is both judicial and ministerial; in the latter it is almost wholly ministerial.

Last summer the St. Nicholas hotel at Lake Mohegan, N. Y., was burned; with a loss of \$50,000. The proprietor at once started rebuilding and had it fairly under way when an eighty-foot brick chimney that had been left standing fell and crushed the work. Undaunted, he resumed and had five stories well up when a cyclone came along and blew down 125 feet of the structure.

The law which forbids the sale of tobacco in any form to persons under 16 years of age is violated with a frequency and a flagrancy which demands the earnest consideration of all parents who have young boys growing up to manhood. It is no trick at all to see on the streets, youngsters wearing knee breeches puffing away on cigarettes. Not only are these cigarettes productive of the worst possible results to the physical condition of a boy but the indecent chromos which are nearly always found in cigarette packages poisons the boy's mind while the vile stuff he smokes poisons his body and make him an old man before his time.

The Lake Shore flyer, the wonderful train that made the run between New York and Chicago in twenty hours, has been discontinued. An exchange remarks that the general public do not understand the system by which the wonderful train was moved. It is said that seven engines made the journey in relays, each engine running less than one hundred and fifty miles. No engineer was able to stand more than three hours daily of the violent speed, the intense strain of constant watchfulness, and the mental responsibility involved in the running of these locomotives. Even then the engineers—all of them picked men as strong as they were useful—would tumble down from their engines when the trips were over with unsteady gait, in a state but little short of physical collapse.

The Michigan Central express trains east and west each night now carry a fortified car for the protection of express says the Jackson Star, prepared under the direction of the superintendent of air brakes, who says that nothing but dynamite can dislodge the guards when they are in a compartment. In the future veritable arsenals will plow along the route between Detroit and Chicago every night. In one end is a sort of wareroom and the other is fitted up for the comfort of the men, with a stove, chairs, etc. Between the two is a compartment taking in the space occupied by two seats but entirely walled in by three sixteenths-inch steel plates. There the guards are on the lookout for attacks, and from their position they can shoot in any direction without the chance of being made a target of unless the robbers can see well enough in the dark to send a bullet through a hole hardly large enough for a man to squeeze his fist through.

There is no more pathetic object in life than an old, dependent person, whose life work is finished; who lives from day to day with no special purpose or ambition to stimulate life; simply waiting for the grim messenger, whose certain call is constantly expected by him. Some people seem to think that the sensibility of such old people become callous; that they are indifferent to slights and inattention; that they can put up with inferior accommodations and few comforts with much less inconvenience than the youngest member of the family. But instead, I think the feelings of such ones become painfully sensitive. Their dependent condition is galling to the last degree. If they do not complain, it is not from indifference, but because they know complaining would be unavailing. The lessons of patience they have learned in the hard school of life stand them in good stead in this final trial. Is it not enough that old persons must bear the painful conscience that life is about over; that the once vigorous body has become feeble and inactive; the quick mental faculties darkened by a cloud; and the physical beauty that charmed the eye has withered at the touch of age? Is it not enough that all this should be borne, without being made to feel that there is no welcome spot or willing care for them in life? The protection of aged parents by their children is one of the beautiful and just claims of nature. And a son or daughter, who, through greed and selfishness, refuses to bestow such care when needed is an ungrateful and unnatural exception to the human family.—Ypsilanti Commercial.

BEISSEL & STAFFAN

Offer for Xmas:

Confectionery.

Step into our establishment and we will show you a line of candy that will delight you and also suit your pocketbook. If you want to make a nice Christmas present for your friend you can find nothing nicer than a box of our hand made French creams. See our large stick of candy.

Nuts.

Don't buy a cent's worth in this line until you have seen our stock. It is the largest and best assortment ever shown in town and all new goods

Fruits.

We are offering the most complete line of Fruits for Christmas that has ever been shown in Chelsea.

Oysters.

Fresh Standard and Select Oysters by can or measure, all solid packed, no water. Try ours, they will suit you. Special rates for oyster suppers.

When you want anything in the line of Confectionery, Nuts, Oysters, Fruits, Fancy or Staple Groceries, leave your orders where everything is clean and all goods fresh and of first quality. Goods promptly delivered.

BEISSEL & STAFFAN.

Bring in your butter and eggs.

THE QUESTION IS:

THE ANSWER IS:

WHO IS YOUR Hardwareman?

C. E. WHITAKER IS MY Hardwareman.

WHY

Because C. E. Whitaker Pleases All.

Stoves, Oilcloth, tinware, Woodenware, Sewing Machines, etc., at greatly reduced prices.

A fine line of Copper, Nickel and Silverware, suitable for holiday gifts. Prices right.

Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons only 85c per set.

FORCED SALE?

Oh, No!

But a Genuine Reduction Sale, for Cash, during the next 60 days.

I need money and to obtain it quickly I will make it an object to Cash buyers, if you need a Double or Single harness, Blankets, Robes, Storm Covers to protect your horses, Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, etc., come and see me. I have also a few more Trunks and Satchels left that will be sold at great bargains.

SPECIALTIES.

I keep a full line of Violins and other small musical goods, also Violin, Guitar and Banjo Strings of the best quality, music books and sheet music of all kinds. Call and see me before ordering elsewhere.

I have received the agency for the Celebrated International Stock and Poultry Food, warranted to prevent hog and chicken cholera. Come and try a package, only 25 and 50 cents.

C. STEINBACH.



FURNITURE.

Our stock of furniture will be complete soon.

We have something Special to offer in Chairs for Holidays. When in need of anything in the Furniture line be sure to give us a call. Our prices will be right.

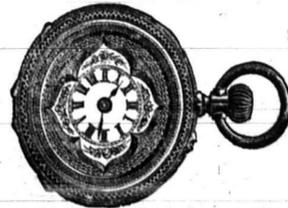
W. J. KNAPP.

Cigars & Tobaccos.

In connection with my jewelry stock I have put in a

Choice Line of Cigars Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

Give me a call **FRED KANTLINHER.**



Watches, Clocks, Chains and Charms, Gold Spectacles, and other fancy and common styles of Eye Glasses, also Razors, Shears, Scissors and Pocket Knives.

CHRISTMAS ETIQUETTE



SIR PARVENUE and babes one Christmas night, When 'neath the snow the world lay still and white, To their soft downy couches had retired To seek the sleep to which their eyes aspired. Upon the mantel o'er the broad fireplace There hung of these no solitary trace, Because Sir Parvenue that night at tea Had told the children, one and all, that he Considered it outrageous form to be To hang their stockings there.

"Beware, My boys and girls, of all that is not sure, And past all controversy de rigueur," Said he.

"We have to be Quite circumspect in all our daily ways To do no thing but what this volume says." And here Sir Parvenue rose up to get A volume labelled "Blarney's Etiquette: Nine Thousand Rules For People Somewhat New. To Teach Them Things They May and May Not Do."

"I've searched this little volume through and through, And don't find there That people who're polite hang anywhere On Christmas Eve their hosiery; And hence I deem it but propriety To let them lie just where they chance to be. And as the book likewise contains no bit About a Christmas tree, dispense with it We surely must." And so They all to bed that night did go.

Now Santa Claus, it happened, chanced to hear The words of Parvenue as rising clear Up through the flues they cleft the atmosphere.

"Well, I declare," said he, "That is the worst I ever see!"

And then he went his Christmas work about, And left Sir Parvenue and tribe entirely out, Save for a little note dropped through the flue, To Parvenue.

"Dear Mr. P.," it said, "I much regret That Christmas must be run on etiquette. But, since you've chosen that this same must be, You'll pardon me If I should seem your household to neglect. With you so strict, I must be circumspect. And since I chance to have no evening dress, I cannot call this evening. My distress Is great, but I must eke obey the laws That you've set down. Yours truly, Santa Claus."

The moral is, for those who choose to read, That they enjoy a monstrous little meed Of life's good things who think it well to mix Our old-time joys with Mr. Blarney's tricks Of etiquette, who doth some folks beguile To thinking Christmas has gone out of style.

—Carlyle Smith, in Harper's Bazar.



OME thirty years ago, there lived in the top story of a tenement house, in one of the poorest districts in New York city, a widow named Mrs. Jones and her two children—twelve-year-old Tom and Dollie, who was not quite ten.

Mrs. Jones worked from light to dark, week in and week out, in a factory, and she got for her toil so little money that if it had not been for Tom's blacking boots and selling papers I am afraid they would often have gone to bed in their own attic room cold and hungry.

While Mrs. Jones was away at the factory and Tom shining and shouting: "Here's yer full account of everything going! evening hextral only five cents!" Dollie was "keeping the house tidy against mother and Tom came home."

It was wonderful to see how much this little deformed girl could do, for Dollie was a hunchback, and I don't believe she had ever known in all her life what it meant to be free from pain; yet, do you know, no one ever saw anything but a smile on the sweet, wax face, and the neighbors told Mrs. Jones that Dollie sang all day long, and that her songs were mostly about a "beautiful land" where want and sickness and sorrow never came.

But while Dollie sang her hands were busy, and everything that could shine in that one room just had to do it. You could see your face in the kettle, and the stove looked like those in the shops, it had such a polish. There was not a sunbeam that forgot to come down to peep in at the little housekeeper through the small bright window panes; and Mrs. Rafferty, the old Irish woman who lived in the next room, said: "It is a cryin' sin to knep boards under fut the like of them." She meant, you know, the floor boards of Mrs. Jones' room. The only table the Jones' had was an ordinary kitchen one, but its top was white as snow, and when it was not set for breakfast or supper Dollie always kept a spread on it, and what do you think she had for material? Just common newspapers sewn together and the edges pinked out with a pair of scissors; and I must not forget to tell you that Dollie had to carry all the water for her cleaning

up five long pairs of stairs, for the pump was down in the back yard, and as Dollie was not strong she could only carry a very small quantity of water at one time.

The day that I am going to tell you about was the one before Christmas. It was quite late in the afternoon; her work was all done and Dollie sat by the window looking out. It was very entertaining to watch the people in the street so far below her to-day, for most of them carried bundles, and Dollie could guess by the shapes of some of the biggest parcels what might be hidden under the brown paper coverings.

She was glad to think how happy all the children would be when they woke up in the morning and found such beautiful gifts close beside their pillows; and just then a man came along carrying a fir tree in his arms. How lovely and green it looked! How beautiful it would be when lights were shining all over it and dolls and drums, boxes of sweets and gingerbread toys were hanging from its branches! How Dollie did wish that she could have a Christmas tree, even if it was only just a tiny little one, and as she wished an idea came into Dollie's golden head. What do you suppose it was? I am afraid you would never guess, so I will tell you. She thought: "Why, there



is my old broom! Just the very thing!" Then she got up from her seat and went back of the calico curtain that divided the bedroom from the kitchen and soon came back, first with a chair that had a very holey cane seat, and next with a broom, if such a stump of a thing can still use the name.

She put the broom handle through one of the smallest holes in the chair and made it firm by tying strings, first round the handle and then about each of the chair's four legs, and when it "did not wobble a bit and stood up straight, like the cigar man's wooden Indian round the corner," Dollie clapped her hands for joy and thought her tree something really worth having.

She had only one thing to tie on it, and that was Ruth, her dear doll. To be sure Ruth was not much to look at; her nose was broken; she had no hair on her arms and legs, and her arms and legs were made (by Dollie) out of white cotton cloth.

If Ruth could have spoken she would have told you that when she was new she had really considered herself a lovely doll, and it could not have been simply her opinion, since the shop man who owned her sold her to a gentleman for five dollars.

Ruth's first little mother was not very fond of her dollie children after she had owned them a little while, and poor Ruth was tossed about in all sorts of unpleasant ways, until one day the nurse swept her up with the play room dust and carried her down in a coal scuttle to the ash barrel and threw her in.

The barrel was quite full, so Ruth lay on the very top of it, and who should happen to come along but a very little girl with a pair of heavy crooked shoulders.

She stood on tiptoe and looked so longingly at Ruth that a big policeman who was passing by stopped and asked her if she was looking for anything? "I was wishing so much, sir," said the little girl, "that I might have that doll, but I suppose it belongs to the ash man."

The big policeman just lifted the little girl up and told her to take the doll and welcome, and he would like to see the ash man or any other man that would take it from her. And so Ruth found a second mother in Dollie Jones. Such a beautiful life as she and Dollie had lived for the last five years. Ruth probably knew more about Dollie than anybody else in the world, for she was Dollie's only companion through all the six days of every week. And now Dollie proposed to honor her broom tree by hanging Ruth on it.

She had just gotten Ruth comfortably suspended by the waist when she remembered that there was bread and cheese to get for supper, and tying a thin woolen shawl over her head and

shoulders (Dollie had no hat) she went down the stairs and out into the street.

The grocery was kept by a German known in the neighborhood as "Hans." There were a great many people in Hans' shop, so Dollie had to wait a long time, but she was used to waiting and it was very pleasant to look at all the nice things Hans kept for the people who had money to buy them.

At last she did get her rye loaf and cheese, and Hans went to a barrel, took a great red apple out of it, and handed it to Dollie with an "I wish you a merry Christmas, Tollie."

You should have seen Dollie's face as she said: "Why Hans! how did you know I had a Christmas tree?" and then she told him what her tree was made out of.

Hans stood and looked at Dollie a minute and then he went back of his counter, opened a drawer, and took out five little wax candles—a blue one, a red one, a white one, a pink one, and one just as yellow as gold. These he put into a paper bag with a stick of peppermint candy and a ball of scarlet popcorn to keep them company, and he gave all these to Dollie for her very own.

There was only one thing for Dollie to do; she could not receive without giving in return. Hans was not an attractive person; indeed, most people

Dollie would be thankful, and then somehow I told him my name and where I lived, and how hard mother worked and about your back and Ruth; and then I told him how I meant to buy you and mother a good Christmas Eve supper. The gentleman, he says to me: "Tom, you put that dollar in your pocket and carry it home to your mother, and tell her to put it away for you until you grow up, and then you take it, Tom, and put it in your own pocket, and you will never see it without remembering this Christmas Eve; and when you remember it, you will look about you and find some good to do, some help to give, for the Christ Child's sake. And now," said the gentleman, "pick up your kit and come along with me; I have an excellent butcher and a most obliging grocer, and we will go and pay them a call." And then," said Tom, "he took one of my hands in his, and we walked along together, and his great big hand made mine so warm, and when he had warmed one he made me walk on the other side of him so that he could warm the other. Ever so many people touched their hats to us, and lots of pretty ladies bowed and smiled. I didn't know there were so many kind people in the world," said little Tom.

Well, at last they turned into another avenue, where there were rows of all sorts of fine shops, and at a butcher's they went in. Tom wished Dollie could have seen it. Everything was dressed up in greens and colored papers, and although the shop was full, the "boss" came right up to Tom's friend, rubbing his hands and bowing and saying: "Good evening, sir. Anything wrong in the order to-day, judge? If so, we'll rectify it at once, sir." But the judge said: "No, I am not here for myself. I have just dropped in with a friend who wants a nice beefsteak, a pat of butter and a few potatoes to carry home in a basket that you will lend him."

"You would have thought I was a judge, too," said Tom. "Why I most thought I was, myself, the butcher was so polite to me."

Then they went to a grocer's and added sugar and tea to the basket, and the judge helped Tom with it clear to Tom's door.

How the children did hurry around to get the supper. Dollie set the table all over again, put the potatoes on to boil, fried the steak and boiled fresh water for the new tea, while Tom cut and spread the slices of rye bread. Such happy little children! Such a merry Christmas Eve!

Mrs. Jones' hard day's work was over, and as she reached the doorway of the house in which she lived she stopped to wipe away the tears from her eyes last it should grieve the children to know she had been crying. Only a few shillings were tied up in the corner of her handkerchief, and those must, most of them, go for the rent nearly due. Oh, how she did long for ever so little to make Tom and Dollie realize what a Christmas gift meant; but she was tired and cold and almost faint from hunger, so she began to climb to the attic. As she got to the first flight she was greeted by an odor of good things that made her say to herself: "The Steins are having a good supper." But it wasn't the Steins nor the Swedish families on the next floor. The Rileys and O'Halligans were away, and the folks on her floor and the one below lived mostly on scraps that they gathered from house to house. The door of her own poor room opened, and out upon her gleamed light, a sense of comfort and a glow of warmth, while the two voices she loved best cried: "Come in, mother, out of the dark and cold. Merry Christmas, for the Christ Child's sake."

All this happened thirty long years ago. But every Christmas Eve, in a beautiful home, one of the most beautiful in all the great city of New York, a group of boys and girls (all belonging to one father and mother) have this custom: Just as the twilight comes, they put away books and toys, and quietly, hand in hand, with peace and good-will in their hearts, they enter a room (the best and prettiest in all the house) where grandma lives. They always find her seated before her open fire, looking so placidly beautiful; as one of the children said once, "as if she saw Heaven." She always has on her lap two bundles done up in pure white cloth, and the children gather all about her and are very still as she tells them the story I have just told to you; then she unrolls the bundle and the children touch most lovingly Papa Tom's kit and Aunt Dollie's doll Ruth.

Papa Tom they know and love, and Aunt Dollie they shall love and know by and by.—Laura C. S. Fessenden, in Texas Sittings.

"What made you raise Plunkin's salary when you expect to keep him but a few days longer?" Proprietor—"I knew it would go for a Christmas present for my daughter, and I didn't want any cheap thing."—Inter Ocean.

"Are you going to hang up your stockings this Christmas?" asked the facetious friend. "No," replied the man who had been buying Christmas presents, "I am going to hang up my watch."—Washington Star.

—Friend—"Well, Clarence, why don't you think you'll hang up your stockings are you getting to be too big a boy?" Clarence—"No; but we live in a flat, and there's only room for the baby's stocking."—Inter Ocean.

TO ADMIT UTAH.

The House Votes to Make the Territory a State.

Practically No Opposition to the Measure—The Practice of Polygamy Is Forever Forbidden—Land Grants Reduced.

VOTED FOR ADMISSION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The bill for the admission of Utah to statehood was passed without division by the house Wednesday at the conclusion of the debate, the only amendments of importance incorporated in the enabling act being one by Mr. Powers (Vt.) prohibiting polygamy forever and another by Mr. Wheeler (Ala.) reducing one-half the land granted to the state for common school purposes.

The house resolved itself into committee of the whole for the further consideration of the bill for the admission of Utah. Mr. Newlands (Nev.) made his maiden speech in support of the admission of Utah. He thought Utah was fully prepared for statehood, but he objected to leaving the question of the allotment of lands in Utah to bureau officers at Washington, who did not understand the conditions there. The United States, he thought, should cooperate in the reclamation of the arid lands of that region. In defending Nevada he said he was unable to understand why there should be so much aversion to a state which when the country was in revolution had poured \$600,000,000 into the treasury. Mr. Newlands claimed that the cause of the present depression in Utah was the result of legislation leveled at her interests. Silver, that enabled the country to resume specie payments, had been stricken down, and now the democratic tariff bill proposed to crush Nevada's sheep-raising and borax mines by placing wool and borax on the free list.

Mr. Simpson (pop. Kan.) favored the bill in a characteristically vigorous speech, charging the opposition to its admission with being moved by narrow and prejudiced sentiments. The fact that Utah would send two senators and a representative here who would vote against the financial ideas of the east, he thought was the sole ground of opposition. With regard to the circular of Gov. Lewelling, he said 3,000,000 men out of employment were tramping the streets and roads of the country out of work. Whatever the cause, whoever was right, the populist party believed in lending a helping hand to the poor and distressed. When a populist governor promulgated this doctrine he was denounced as a crank by petty politicians and newspapers.

Mr. Oates (dem., Ala.) proposed the union of Utah and Nevada. He had observed that Nevada continued to lose population, and that it was a question as to what was to become of Nevada. He had no doubt of the intelligence of the people of Nevada, but the fact could not be controverted that her population was decreasing. The census of 1890 gave her 40,000, and recent San Francisco papers say that her population has since been reduced to 33,000. If her mining industry continues to be depressed her population, Mr. Oates said, would continue to fall off until it might get down to 20,000.

Mr. Mahon (rep., Pa.) offered an amendment (reserving to congress the right to prohibit and punish polygamy, to continue the present laws in force there and to give the United States courts exclusive jurisdiction.

Mr. Powers (rep., Vt.) offered a substitute providing that polygamy and plural marriage be forever prohibited. The Mahon amendment was defeated.

An amendment proposed by Mr. Wheeler reducing one-half the land granted to Utah by the bill for school purposes was adopted. Amendments reducing the grant of land to the state university from 200,000 to 110,000, increasing the grant for the use of the agricultural college from 90,000 to 200,000, and decreasing the per cent. of the proceeds of public lands subsequent to the admission of the state which shall be set aside as a permanent public school fund from 10 to 5 per cent. were adopted. Without a division the bill for the admission as amended by the committee was passed.

SALT LAKE CITY, U. T., Dec. 15.—There is great joy throughout Utah on the passage by the house of the Utah statehood bill. It was not unexpected. All classes—Mormon, Jew, Gentile, republican and democrat—have for some time past admitted that the old contentions having been done away with, there was no reason why Utah should not be admitted to the union. There is but one opinion—of supreme satisfaction.

Ex-Congressman Cessna Dead.

BEDFORD, Pa., Dec. 15.—Ex-Congressman John Cessna died Wednesday night in his 72d year. Mr. Cessna was a commanding and interesting figure in Pennsylvania and national politics for forty years. He was a member of the Forty-first and Forty-third congresses, serving on the committee on elections and the war department. When he entered upon his career he was a democrat. But when the rebellion broke out Mr. Cessna became a republican and was a delegate to the republican national conventions of 1868, 1876 and 1880.

HAWAII.

Debate in Congress on the admission of Hawaii to statehood. The senate has passed a bill for the admission of Hawaii to statehood. The bill provides for the admission of Hawaii to statehood on the condition that the Hawaiian people shall renounce their claims to the Hawaiian Islands and shall accept the United States Constitution. The bill also provides for the admission of Hawaii to statehood on the condition that the Hawaiian people shall renounce their claims to the Hawaiian Islands and shall accept the United States Constitution.

HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

Debate in Congress on the President's Movements Relating to This Subject.

In the senate on the 11th Mr. Hoar (rep. Mass.) offered a resolution that the president be requested to inform the senate, if in his opinion it be not inconsistent with the public interest, whether at any time during the last six months any commissioner or diplomatic agent has been appointed or sent to any foreign country by the president of the United States without the advice and consent of the senate; whether any such officer has been given access to the files and records of the United States legation in any foreign country; whether he has been empowered with authority superior to that of any other diplomatic agent of the United States who had previously been appointed by and with the advice and consent of the senate according to law; whether any such commissioner or agent has entered into negotiations with the officials of any foreign power in the name of the United States or in any way communicated or interfered with such officials; whether such officer has assumed the responsibility of hauling down the flag of the United States which had been erected by any duly authorized official of that government; and whether any of these questions has held written communication with the citizens of any foreign nation or the subjects of any foreign power concerning the diplomatic relations of the United States with that country to which such citizens belong.

Mr. Hoar commented upon the fact that the information communicated by the president to certain senators under the seal of confidence had been freely given out to the representatives of four newspapers known to be zealous, thorough-going—he had almost said unscrupulous—supporters of the administration. If that allegation were true, said Mr. Hoar, it would be an attempt to usurp all the diplomatic relations of the government.

Mr. Hoar read the Associated Press cablegram from London in which Minister Bayard expressed his opinion on the Hawaiian question. He said that if that dispatch were true it was also true that Great Britain had been taken into a confidence which the administration, senate and the American people had not shared.

If it were true that the president, the senate being in session, had authorized an officer to exercise paramount diplomatic authority in another country with which the United States was at peace, directed the consul and the resident minister to promote his success by every means in his power, placed the archives under his complete and untrammelled control, authorized him to employ at his discretion the naval power and to land or withdraw the forces of the United States at will, and had given him the title which was enumerated as one of the titles of the diplomatic officers in the act of congress, the president was standing (in Hoar's judgment) upon very slippery ice, and he had better step on to terra firma rapidly and at once.

If in the next place, such an official entered that territory and established correspondence with private persons about its public affairs, taking testimony, receiving communications and making replies thereto, that officer violated in a most gross and palpable manner the express written law of the American people; and if he reported that action to the president and it was approved and the president made himself an accomplice after the fact, in that violation of law he (the president) was standing upon not only slippery but very thin ice, especially if after that act of this public commissioner he proceeded to decorate him with a new diplomatic appointment.

"The ostrich," said Mr. Hoar, "puts its head in the sand and thinks it will not be seen. The rhinoceros hides in his mud puddle and breathes through his nose, and thinks he will not be seen, but neither of these is fit and suitable precedent for the executive of the United States. The people have a right to know, wish to know and will know—let me say to my honorable friend—the truth in this matter."

Mr. Hoar (dem., Del.) said he did not intend to be drawn into a discussion of the Hawaiian matter, even if the senator from Massachusetts could not restrain himself from an indulgence in his habit of scolding an administration belonging to a party the opposite of his own. He said Mr. Hoar had scolded all through Cleveland's administration and had scolded him back into the white house. He did not think the senator from Massachusetts would gain anything from the sober second thought of the American people by putting up hypothetical cases in regard to which he would deliver himself of the well-known vituperative phrases with which he had entertained the senate this morning. Nor did he think that our honored representative at the court of St. James would take much detriment by his share of the scolding. Mr. Hoar said he thought it would have been better to have waited until the official information asked for a few days ago had come to the senate. He wanted to know whether the statements that the senator from Massachusetts had alluded to, with which the public press had been full for weeks past, were indeed true; whether it was a fact that the flag of the United States had been disgraced and dishonored by a superservicable agent of this government and made to symbolize an act of piracy and aggression, for which every honorable American ought to hang his head in shame—to use the hypothetical language of the senator from Massachusetts. It was very well for the senator from Massachusetts and others who agreed with him to ask those who disagreed with them again and again to avert their gaze from what was said to have occurred on those islands in the middle of last January. They desired to know something about that. Mr. Hoar thought the resolution should go over until the following day under the rule.

Mr. Hoar objected to Mr. Gray giving to his remarks the characterization of scolding. After some further discussion the resolution went over until the 13th. Mr. Hoar's resolution calling on the president for further information on the Hawaiian matter was before the senate on the 13th. Mr. Frye (rep., Me.) characterized the Blount report as a most dangerous one, and in his judgment no senator could afford to make, based upon such report, any serious attack upon the character of any private citizen of the United States. He affirmed that Mr. Blount, in that report, had not written one single unvarnished line of truth, nor given one unprejudiced opinion, nor rendered one impartial judgment. Mr. Frye entered into a long eulogy of ex-minister Stevens, in which he pointed out the ability and fidelity and said that "Mr. Stevens is paramount to Mr. Blount, and no president, not even Mr. Cleveland with all his power, can change that condition. I thank Heaven that no citizen of Maine ordered the flag hauled down." Mr. Frye said he had reliable information that the purpose of the administration was to charge that Mr. Stevens was a party to corruption—employed to break down the queen's government—in reply to Mr. Gray's request for his authority for this statement Mr. Frye said he was not at liberty to give it.

Mr. Vest (dem., Mo.) regretted that partisan malverberation had so distinctly shown itself in a debate upon these great questions. With professions that they desired no personal aspect to be given to the argument, the senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Hoar) and the senator from Maine (Mr. Frye) had assailed everybody

who differed with them on the Hawaiian question, and had undertaken to place before the American people their side of the issue in order to take possession of the public opinion of the people of the United States. Mr. Stevens was one of those who believed "the earth belongs to the saints, and we are the earth saints." Mr. Stevens and we are the earth saints in Hawaii had Christianized the natives so they had taken possession of the country under the name of God, and had then divided the land among themselves under a law made by themselves. Mr. Stevens might be all that his friend, Mr. Frye, claimed for him—a godly, saintly, unobjectionable Christian gentleman. He (Vest) proposed to treat him as any other witness who entered court and demanded his (Vest's) vote upon his evidence. He knew Mr. Blount, and, while he was not in the senate to defend him, he had almost twenty years' intimate knowledge of him. He desired to state in the most public and emphatic manner that a purer man, publicly and privately, had never appeared in the arena of American politics. Mr. Vest said, further, that "the plain issue before the American people is whether we are to break down the traditional policy of this country inaugurated by Washington and carried out by Jefferson, Jackson, Buchanan and now by Cleveland. Are we to depart from that policy and now venture upon the great colonial system of the continental powers of Europe?" Concerning the instructions to Minister Willis he said it should turn out that those instructions were to restore the queen by armed force no one would deprecate it and none would resist the doctrine to any extremity more than himself. It would be an act of war. But as he understood the position of the administration as given in the instructions to Mr. Blount, it was simply a repetition and affirmation of the time-honored doctrine of our country in every administration. He said if he had the power he would withdraw every shadow of United States authority from the Hawaiian islands, except so far as it was necessary to protect under international law the property and persons of American citizens legitimately residing there. He should leave the opposing factions to settle the question of sovereignty for themselves.

Mr. Frye stated that he had not meant to attack the integrity of Mr. Blount. Mr. Hoar discussed the questions of precedents for the Blount appointment, and said that only a few of them (not more than thirty at the most) applied to the case. The resolution was then referred to the committee on foreign affairs.

ROBBED THE PASSENGERS.

Mexican Train Held Up—Express-Car Looted, But the Outlaws Lose the Plunder.

AUSTIN, Tex., Dec. 14.—At 12:30 o'clock a. m., as a north-bound International and Great Northern express train was passing Duval, a small station 7 miles north of here, it was sidetracked and robbed by a gang of seven robbers. As the train slowed up for the station the engineer saw a man standing at the switch, but before he could stop his train he had run out to the siding. The headlight was shot out and a brakeman who came running up from the rear of the train had a lantern shot out of his hand. In the meantime a perfect fusillade was kept up, the robbers shooting up and down the sides of the train so that no one dared to venture out. The express car was the first object of attack, the robbers securing a package containing \$600. The passenger coach was next attacked, and while the robber at each door kept the passengers covered, another went through the car, taking everything he could get. He had a large sack hanging over his shoulder into which he dumped watches, jewelry and money. As he entered the car he laid the express package containing the \$600 down on a seat, and before he had finished the passenger coaches the uproar became so great that he jumped off the other end of the train without coming back for the package or molesting the passengers in the sleeper at the rear of the train. The fireman was the only person injured, he receiving a flesh wound in the arm. The amount taken from the passengers is very large, though the exact amount is unknown. Officers left here this morning for the scene of the robbery with bloodhounds.

THREW HIM OUT.

How a Plucky Express Messenger Disposed of a Robber.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Dec. 11.—A curious attempt to rob an express car occurred Saturday night at 10 o'clock at the crossing of the Erie and the Illinois Central, a mile and a half southeast of this city. At that hour the west-bound Lake Erie express stopped for the crossing. At that moment the glass of the south door of the United States express was crushed, and Messenger Weakly, looking up, saw a man's arm pass into the opening, the hand reaching for the latch. Weakly jumped up and rushed to meet the intruder. He was unarmed, as he had laid his revolver beside a pile of packages at the other end of the car. As the door of the car opened the men grappled, the intruder grabbing the messenger by the throat. In the struggle which followed the messenger proved the victor, hurling the robber from the train to the ground. The train proceeded without further molestation. Messenger Weakly showed many marks of the struggle. His vest and shirt were ripped open down the back and his overall straps torn apart. There were scratches and cuts upon his face and neck. There was between \$5,000 and \$6,000 in sight in the car, as the messenger was ready to make a transfer at the Bloomington union depot.

Men and Horses Killed.

NYACK, N. Y., Dec. 14.—Tuesday night S. Rose and Henry Baisley left Haverstraw with a team at a late hour, and, it being very dark, their horses fell off a bridge. The men and animals were killed.

Guests All Escaped.

ATCHISON, Kan., Dec. 18.—The Windsor hotel was destroyed by fire at 2 o'clock a. m. The guests all escaped. The loss is \$30,000 and is partially covered by insurance.

A CHOICE contribution to literature and art has been provided for this holiday season by Messrs. A. C. McClurg & Co., of Chicago, in a volume of poems by Kate Haworth Holmes, illustrated by her sister Helen E. Stevenson, entitled "Pictures From Nature and Life." In these poems romance and romance mingle as delightfully as rays of sunshine in summer days. The variety of the poems gives scope for pathos and the lighter and more delicate touches of sentiment; and are daintily supplemented by the exquisite lettering, and, from the camera and brush of a rarely gifted artist. The work is printed on thick satiny paper, creamy white, well adapted to the deliciously soft and charming reproductions. The publishers have executed a master stroke in presenting to the people so rare a work at about one third the price usually charged for books of such merit. Frank B. Carpenter, who painted the great picture of "THE EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION," and the no less celebrated one of "THE FIRST COURT OF ARBITRATION," now hanging in Windsor Palace, and author of "Six Months at the White House," writing of the work, says: "It is one of the most exquisite books I have ever seen. It is not too high praise to say that the poems are worthy of the illustrations and the illustrations are worthy of the poems, and the publisher's work is worthy of both." Mrs. Mary A. Livermore writes: "I think the book the prettiest and most artistic of the coming holiday season. There is much to stimulate the imagination connected with it. It is the work of two lovely, refined and cultured women; two sisters with the common blessed experience of daughters, wives and mothers, who have found in daily life a fund of romance, and beauty, which they celebrate in song and pictured sketch. Delicate in conception, dainty in execution, the mechanical skill of the pretty book matches it exquisitely, the ensemble making a most appropriate and acceptable gift." From the pen of Mr. F. G. Wheeler we quote: "Charming poems, exquisitely set in quaint lines. The author is to be congratulated on the artistic cooperation so fittingly obtained." Chicago Herald—"A lovely book, exquisitely illustrated." Inter Ocean—"The text is pleasing and musical, and the illustrations so striking as to tell the story almost without written words. The poems are sentimental, and marked for graceful expression, pure thoughts, tender home love, and for their general literary excellence. The handsome volume can be marked as among the beautiful gift books for the holidays."

16 World's Fair Photos for One Dime. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway has made an arrangement with a first-class publishing house to furnish a series of beautiful World's Fair pictures, of a large size, at the nominal cost to the purchaser of only ten cents for a portfolio of sixteen illustrations. Nothing so handsome in reference to the World's Fair has before been published. The series would be worth at least twelve dollars if the pictures were not published in such large quantities, and we are therefore able to furnish these works of art for only ten cents.

Only One Night Out to Florida. The morning train via the Monon Route leaving Dearborn Station, Chicago, at 8:28 a. m. connects at Cincinnati with the Through Vestibule Train of the Queen and Crescent Route leaving at 7:00 p. m., reaching Jacksonville at 10:50 p. m. the following day. The service of this popular line is unsurpassed by any line to the south. For rates, time tables, etc., address City Ticket Office, 233 Clark St., Chicago, or FRANK J. REED, G. P. Agt., Monon Block, Chicago.

High Five or Euchre Parties should send at once to John Sebastian, G. T. A., C. R. I. & F. R. R., Chicago, TEN CENTS, in stamps, per pack for the slickest cards you ever shuffled. For \$1.00 you will receive free by express ten packs.

Mrs. Chatter—"Do you believe that cures can be effected by the laying on of hands?" Mrs. Clatter—"Most certainly. I cured my boy of smoking in that way."—Brooklyn Life.

THE WESTERN TRAIL is published quarterly by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway. It tells how to get a farm in the West, and it will be sent to you gratis for one year. Send name and address to "Editor Western Trail, Chicago," and receive it one year free. JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A.

"Black Crook" at McVicker's. "A show which in the glare of its magnificence has never been surpassed in a Chicago theater."—Tribune.

It is a little singular that the person born with a silver spoon in his mouth seldom makes a stir in the world.—Boston Gazette.

Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Scurvy Cure Sent postpaid with beautiful coupon free. Send 50c to A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

It is probably when he "blows it in" that a man flings his money to the winds.—Boston Transcript.

The Grip of Pneumonia may be ward off with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

THINKS before he speaks—The man who stutters.

Pierce Guar-Cure.

Keyser, N. C. Dr. R. V. PIERCE: Dear Sir—When about three years old I was taken with mumps, also had fever, finally I had that dreaded disease Scrofula. The most eminent physicians in this section treated me to no avail. I had running scrofulous sores on left side of neck and face. I was small and weakly when eight or nine years old, and in fact was nearly a skeleton. Six bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery wrought marvelous changes. Although the sores were healed in eight months, I did not quit taking it until I was sure it had been entirely root-ed from my system. The only signed certificate of the H. M. HOLLEMAN, a friend of mine of how near death's door I was until rescued by the "Discovery." I am now eighteen years old and weigh 148 pounds; and have not been sick in five years. You respectfully, HARVEY M. HOLLEMAN, Agt. for Seaboard Air Line.

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How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm. West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Kerr—"Where is Vokes now? The last time I saw him he was contending that a man should tell the truth in all circumstances." Bliff—"He is in a hospital."—N. Y. Herald.

Lay Hold on Health Rapidly being sapped by waning strength and disturbed sleep! How? By that agreeable and wholesome expedient, a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is constantly justifying the faith reposed in it by the invalid world. No fear of it disappointing you. No one troubled with a malarial disorder, dyspepsia, liver complaint, indigestion of the kidneys or bowels should neglect it.

FLORA—"Do you know that a tree gets a new ring every year?" Prunella—"Every year? Why, I get one every few weeks."—Kate Field's Washington.

A Child Enjoys The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

It is impossible to have the last word with a chemist, because he always has a retort.—Boston Courier.

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DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken. When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause queasiness feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Read the Label. Send for Book.

NOW comes the season when dainty and delicious cake and pastry are required. Royal Baking Powder is indispensable in their preparation. For finest food I can use none but Royal.—A. FORTM, Chef, White House, for Presidents Cleveland and Arthur. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 WALL ST., N. Y.

ONE REASON WHY.—She—(of St. Louis)—"I don't see why the newspapers are always twitting the Chicago girls on the size of their feet." He—"Neither do I. Their feet are no larger than those of any other girls." She—"Now, Charlie, you know that isn't so."—Detroit Free Press.

Dropsy is a dread disease, but it has lost its terrors to those who know that H. H. Green & Sons, the Dropsy Specialists of Atlanta, Georgia, treat it with such great success. Write them for pamphlet giving full information.

CAN a hungry man make a square meal off a round steak? For a Cough, Cold or Sore Throat, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches," give immediate relief. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cts.

"COLCHESTER" SPADING BOOT For Farmers, Miners, R. R. Hands and others. The outer top sole extends the whole length of the sole down to the heel, protecting the shank in ditching, digging, and other work. Best quality throughout. ASK YOUR DEALER for them.

THE JUDGES Of the WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION Have made the HIGHEST AWARDS (Medals and Diplomas) to WALTER BAKER & CO. On each of the following named articles:

- BREAKFAST COCOA, Premium No. 1, Chocolate, Vanilla Chocolate, German Sweet Chocolate, Cocoa Butter,

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition." WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

HARTSHORN'S SELF-ACTING SHADE-ROLLERS Beware of imitations. NOTICE AUTOGRAF ON LABEL OF THE GENUINE OF Stewart & Hartshorn THE GENUINE HARTSHORN

THE NASBY LETTERS. All the Nasby Letters ever written now for the first time published in book form. Cloth bound, over 600 pages, with portrait of the author, D. R. LOCKE. A copy mailed free to every person who sends \$1 for a year's subscription to the Weekly Blade. Send for specimen copy of the paper and get full particulars. Address: THE BLADE, TOLEDO, OHIO.

A SET OF CHINA DISHES, Free To Ladies sending us a 50c Club-Order for our Tea, Spices, Baking Powder, etc. Set of Silver-plated Knives and Forks, 48 orders, 100 other Premiums, Goods and Premiums shipped, prepaid. You remit money after delivering goods. CONSUMERS WHO WISH TO BUY TEA AND SPICE CO., CINCINNATI, Ohio. ORDER THIS PAPER every time you write.

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PISO'S CURE FOR Consumption and people who have weak lungs or A.R.H.P. m. should use PISO'S Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c. CONSUMPTION.

A. N. K.—A 1470 WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

SEE OUR CELEBRATED "POLAR" SHOES.



The most practical and popular fall, winter and spring warm shoe ever made, combination wool and rubber lined in both upper and sole, and in appearance a fine shoe. Don't fail to see them. We are also showing the finest line of ladies' and gents' fine shoes in Chelsea. Prices from \$1.25 to \$4.50. A large assortment of felt socks, rubbers and overshoes. We defy competition. Groceries at Bottom Prices. Highest Market Price for Butter and Eggs.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE WILL NOT RIP.

Do you wear them? When next in need try a pair. Best in the world.

\$5.00	\$3.00
\$4.00	\$2.50
\$3.50	\$2.00
\$2.50	\$2.00
\$2.25	\$1.75
\$2.00	\$1.75

FOR GENTLEMEN FOR LADIES FOR BOYS FOR MISSSES

If you want a fine DRESS SHOE, made in the latest styles, don't pay \$6 to \$8, try my \$3, \$3.50, \$4.00 or \$5 Shoe. They fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO., CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

Excelsior Bakery, Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection with. WM. CASPARY.



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That does all kinds of Paper Hanging, Decorating, Frescoing, Gilding, Plastic and Relief Work, Painting and Graining. Sign Painting. Furniture Repairing and Upholstering a specialty. Give me a call. Sam Heselshwerdt. Shop in the basement of Wilkinson block, first door east of Hoag & Holmes' hardware store.

Where Water Comes From.

Where does all the water in the sea come from, is a question that many a small boy has asked his father, and which, many a father has found himself utterly unable to answer. Some idea of where it comes from may be gathered from a glance at the following table of the hourly quantity of water discharged into the sea annually by some of the best known rivers of the world. It was compiled by an expert, and may be accepted as accurate:

River	Million cubic feet per hour.
Amazon	8,700
La Plata	3,100
Mississippi	2,070
Volga	1,120
Danube	960
Ganges	700
Nile	560
Rhine	230
Elbe	100
Seine	80
Thames	40

This, of course, throws the question back a step. The question becomes, where does the water in the river come from? When that is answered by the statement that it comes from the hills we have gone about as far as we can go. Water is an element, and what its original source may be no man knows.

New Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store. Large size 50c and \$1.00.

Meandering.

A city girl writes: "It is a fond dream of mine to become a farmer's wife and meander with him down life's flowery pathway." Ah, yes, that is a nice thing to dream about, but when you have lived on the farm and followed this meandering business for a month or so, you will discover a wide chasm between the dream and the reality. You will think of this about the time your husband meanders out and leaves you without wood, and you have to meander up and down the lane pulling splinters of the fence with which to cook dinner. And when you meander around in the wet clover in search of the cows you will have a dim preception that fond dreams do not always pan out a hundred cents on the dollar, and that there are several meanderings in farm life that are not listed in the dreaming category. The meandering business on a farm is not what it's cracked up to be.—Texas Sitings.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Co.

For Sale Cheap.

Sixty acre farm, all improved, well fenced, new house and barn, was formerly owned by George Osterle, 5 miles west of Chelsea. For price and terms write L. R. Cooper, Saginaw, East Side, Mich.

Don't For Wives.

Don't be jealous because your husband is a gentleman and consequently polite to other women.
 Don't bother him with details of dress making, but put on your prettiest clothes for him.
 Don't worry when he talks about "mother's" cooking but ask your mother-in-law to make a visit.
 Don't have Bridget's and Mary Ann's failings and shortcomings for dinner.
 Don't attempt to outdress Mrs. Smith when her husband has twice as much salary as your's has.
 Don't talk about your old lovers; your husband may eventually wish one of them had you.
 Don't leave the children entirely to the nurse girl, and then wonder at their behavior.
 Don't forget that they are a little better than the fascinating lapdog.
 Don't be talking constantly of their perfections; it's tiresome.

For Sale.

60 good ewes, bred to a full blood Black Top ram, due to lamb about March 20th. 16 Whitaker Bros.

Enslage in the Ground.

The building of silos prevents many farmers and small dairymen from ensilage green crops. It is well enough, perhaps, to have a good, substantial silo, if one can build it just as well as not, and where lumber is plenty it does not cost very much to build a practical silo. But when the ensilage of green crops was first begun the silo was simply a hole in the ground, and where the drainage is good that is as good a way as any. My silo is of that kind. I have dug a hole with slanting sides on a little raise of the ground, and I fill this with my corn, with whole corn stalks, heading them up above the ground and covering first with straw and then with earth. The plan is similar to that of preserving roots in the pit. My ensilage is always good, as good as anybody's can be.—Farmers Voice.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Spiker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

Business Pointers.

Leave your saws at Hoag & Holmes' hardware store and have them filed by B. F. Tuttle, who is an expert at the business.

Glazier, the druggist, sells all 50c medicines at 28 to 38c.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich. No 18

Glazier, the druggist, sells all dollar medicines at 58 to 78c per bottle.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-Bone, Stiffes, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich. 18

Glazier, the druggist, sells all pills, plasters, and 25c medicines at 12 to 18c.

For sale or rent, house and lot on Harrison street. Enquire of U. H. Townsend.

Markets.

Chelsea, Dec. 21, 1893

Eggs, per dozen	20c
Butter, per pound	20c
Oa s, per bushel	30c
Corn, per bushel	25c
Wheat, per bushel	55c
Potatoes, per bushel	50c
Apples, per bushel	75c
Onions, per bushel	40c
Beans, per bushel	\$1.40

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Martin A. Cohoon, by Henry Cohoon her Attorney in fact, Edward Sumner and Alice Sumner, his wife, Mary C. Carr, Almira Perry, Alonzo Newton and Jennie Newton, his wife, Welcome B. Sumner and Maggie Sumner, to Charles H. Kempf, bearing date the Twenty-fourth day of September, A. D. 1890 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, for the County of Washtenaw, in the State of Michigan, on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1892, in Book 77 of Mortgages on Page 166, by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at this date the sum of One Thousand and Forty-nine Dollars and Twenty-five Cents as an Attorney fee as provided in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, and no proceeding at law or in Chancery having been instituted to recover the debt so secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed on Monday, the 12th day of March, A. D. 1894, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East door of the Court house in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County of Washtenaw, (said Court house being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The South-east quarter of the South-west quarter of section thirty-four (34) Township one, South of range three East (Township of Lyndon.) The North-west part of the North-west fractional quarter of section (3) in Township two (2) South of range Three East (Township of Sylvan.) Also the North-east part of the North-west fractional quarter of said section three (3) in Township of Sylvan. Also the South half of the South half of the South-west quarter of the South-east quarter of section four (4) in said Township of Sylvan. Dated Chelsea, Mich., December 14th, 1893. CHARLES H. KEMPF, Mortgagee. G. W. TUNBULL, Attorney for Mortgagee.

BAUMGARDNER'S Marble & Granite Works. American and Imported Granite and Marble. All Kinds of Building Stone. CEMETERY WORK A SPECIALTY. Estimates Cheerfully Furnished. All Work Guaranteed. JOHN BAUMGARDNER, ANN ARBOR, MICH. Shop corner of Detroit and Catherine Streets.

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GEO. E. DAVIS, Everybodys :- Auctioneer. Headquarters at HERALD OFFICE.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niagara Falls Route." Time table taking effect Nov. 19th 1893. 90th MERIDIAN TIME. Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows: GOING WEST. Mail 9:24 A.M. Grand Rapids Express 6:38 P.M. Chicago Night Express 9:20 P.M. GOING EAST. Detroit Night Express 5:10 A.M. Grand Rapids Express 10:25 A.M. Mail 3:42 P.M. Atlantic Express 7:47 A.M. Wm. Martin, Agent, Chelsea. O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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\$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS. of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work falls to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information. H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, PORTLAND, MAINE.

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